December 23, 1772. NUMB. 2296.

The PENNSYLVANIA GAZETTE.

Containing the Freſheſt Advices, Foreign and Domeſtic.

WARSAW, September 16.

A MELANCHOLY gloom is viſible in every face at our Court, and there is great reaſon for it; the Imperial troops form a line from the Black Sea, Red Ruſſia, Pocutia, and the whole of the rivers of Bog and the Weiſel, on one ſide, while the Pruſſian troops, on the other, have poſſeſſion of the whole length of the river of Nida and Poliſh Pruſſia. Count Berger, the Imperial Miniſter for our Court, expected here every hour, is appointed Plenipotentiary Commiſſioner to take the oaths of allegiance from the Poliſh ſubjects to his Imperial Majeſty. Prince Frederick of Brunſwick has the ſame commiſſion from the King of Pruſſia. The day fixed for taking theſe oaths is the 12th of October, which is publiſhed in a declaration of both monarchs. Our Court has iſſued orders for every officer of the crown, treaſurer and œconomy, not to deliver a ſingle farthing to any foreign officer, but to make reſiſtance, if any attempts be made to take the public incomes by force. Every poſt of the Crown, Army, and the King's Guards, is augmented, ſince the publication of the abovementioned manifeſtoes. Even the preſent event of Sweden has a great influence in the preſent political affairs of Europe, and ſeems to be a great diſadvantage to the kingdom of Poland. We have reaſon to believe, that the two neighbouring monarchs were about to diminiſh the extenſive power of a mighty northern one, but the preceding war will not allow it.

Sept. 23. Advices from Cracow bring, that the field battalions of Auſtrians are returned from Moravia; and if we may conjecture from theſe movements, the execution of ſome enterprize ſeems at hand. The garriſon regiments of the ſame nation wait only the arrival of ſome Croats to put themſelves alſo in march.

Brandenburgh, Sept. 27. His Serene Highneſs Prince Ferdinand of Brunſwick paid a viſit to the Queen of Pruſſia (his ſiſter) at Berlin, and had an interview with the King at Potſdam. We now learn, that the King has nominated him Viceroy of the Two Pruſſias, with 25,000 crowns appointment; and has ordered the arrearages of all his penſions (the Provoſtſhip of the Dome of Magdebourg excepted) to be paid him for ten years paſt, being the time ſince that Prince reſigned his employments.

Lower Elbe, Oct. 2. All officers and ſoldiers in the Daniſh ſervice, now abſent upon furlow, or leave of abſence, are ordered to join their reſpective regiments immediately; and the troops of the ſame nation, diſtributed in the Daniſh Holſtein, have been commanded to hold themſelves in readineſs to march.

A report is ſpread, that the Court of Copenhagen is ſeeking to form a loan of 400,000 marks; and that a body of Daniſh troops is to aſſemble immediately near Segeberg, in Daniſh Holſtein.

Hague, Sept. 15. The Prince Stadtholder of the United Provinces has publiſhed the following ordinance, viz. That having been informed that in his town and county of Leerdam, as well as in his barony of Acquoi, the inhabitants had to the preſent time followed, and carried to great lengths, the expenſive cuſtom, not only of ſerving wine and beer at interments, but alſo to give, on ſuch occaſions, mortuary repaſts, and mourning; to remedy this abuſe, his Highneſs forbids all matters of that ſort to be given in future, under the penalty of an hundred florins.

Conſtantinople, Sept. 23. There has been an order iſſued, that all unmarried people, and thoſe who have not very particular buſineſs, ſhould be ſent out of the Capital, and they are daily tranſporting numbers of people. One hundred and fifty of theſe had the misfortune to to be loſt in the Gulph of Nichomedia, three days ago, in a ſtrong gale of wind.

Warſaw, Sept. 23. The Ruſſians have evacuated the ſalt works at Wieliczka and Bothnia, as well as the caſtle of Wiſnitz. The crown troops who remained there on the part of the King of Poland, to guard the ſalt works, are alſo retired, and the inhabitants expect every day to be obliged to take the oaths to the houſe of Auſtria.

From the Viſtula, Sept. 23. The Pruſſians have planted officers near Dantzick and Thorn, who demand an exciſe on all goods that are carried thither, amounting to double what is paid in the dominions of his Pruſſian Majeſty. Dantzick had likewiſe a conſiderable revenue from their poſts, but the Pruſſians have taken all theſe into their own hands.

Warſaw, Sept. 30. The declaration of the neighbouring powers will occaſion a Senatus Conſilium to take place. The frequent conferences between the Miniſters of Vienna, Peterſburgh and Berlin, tend towards the aſſembling of a Dyet, in order to regulate definitively all the affairs of the kingdom.

Hamburgh, Oct. 6. They write from Stockholm, that the King of Sweden had actually in his poſſeſſion a copy of a manifeſto, which was intended to have been publiſhed on the 20th of Auguſt, by the States, when the Upland regiment was to arrive in that city, which was delivered to him by an eccleſiaſtic, a member of the ſecret committee, on the 17th at night. It is aſſerted, that this clergyman informed his Majeſty, that he was not only to have been ſeized, and ſent to the caſtle of Caſtenhoff, but that the committee had further reſolved to make out the proceſs by which they were to proceed againſt him, &c.

Copenhagen, Oct. 6. All our advices from the North have a warlike appearance. At Hamburgh, Altona, in the Holſtein, at Dantzick and Bremen, are Ruſſian, Auſtrian, Daniſh, Swediſh, and Pruſſian Officers raiſing recruits; and as trade is dead, and proviſions ſcarce, they meet with great ſucceſs. In Denmark and Sweden, as well as in Ruſſia, they are fitting out ſhips with the utmoſt expedition: The Duchy of Holſtein is likely to be attacked by Ruſſia, and Norway by Sweden, and his Pruſſian Majeſty will probably not be idle on this occaſion. In ſhort, ſome politicians think there will be a general war in Europe. The accounts we received by the laſt poſt are, that the courts of Ruſſia, Berlin, and Sweden, have made an alliance; Sweden makes pretenſions to Finland, and Pruſſia to Pomerania, but Pruſſia is to pay four millions of rubles to Ruſſia.

Extract of a Letter from Schwerin, in Mecklenburg, dated Sept. 28.

"The Pruſſian Alexander, the Legiſlator of Germany, the Scourge of his Neighbours, the Maſter of Politics of Europe, has at laſt reſolved to diſcover his Scheme, by ſending a large Body of Troops into the Duchy of Holſtein, namely, into that Part belonging to the Grand Duke. Our Merchants have the Commiſſion from the Agents for the Pruſſian Army to provide Magazines, of cheap kinds, neceſſary for a large Body of Troops in their March through this Duchy. Theſe Magazines are to be ſtationed upon different Roads in the Way to Holſtein; but as we ſee the Alliance between Pruſſia and Ruſſia concerning the affair of Poland, we rather believe that the neighbouring Provinces, as Daniſh Holſtein, Sleſwich, Gottorp, and Jutland, would have more Reaſon to prepare a warlike Reſiſtance, as theſe Provinces are in the Hands of the King of Denmark, from the Beginning to this preſent Moment, by an illegal Poſſeſſion.

From the NEW-YORK GAZETTE.

Charlotta Precinct, Dutcheſs County, November 26.

Mr. GAINE,

The following Narrative is of ſo intereſting a Nature, particularly to your Country Readers, that I make no Doubt you will oblige them by inſerting it in your next Paper. I am,

Your Humble Servant, J. B.

ABOUT two Months ago, two mad Dogs appeared in this Neighbourhood, and bit ſeveral Animals, of which the greateſt Number were ſoon after ſeized with the Symptoms of that peculiar Madneſs, and died. Among them was a Cow, belonging to one Mr. Jacklin: This unhappy Man, anxious to preſerve his Creature, and not apprehenſive of the Danger to which he expoſed himſelf, while the Symptoms of Madneſs were on her, made uſe of ſeveral Remedies for her Relief. And, particularly, in order to give her a Drench, he thruſt his Hand (upon which at that Time he happened to have an Ulcer) into her Throat, and graſped her Tongue, and after the Cow's Death, to ſave her Hide, had the farther Imprudence to flea her. From that time until Friday, the 6th Inſtant, he continued in his uſual Health, but on that Day he drooped, complained much of a general Uneaſineſs and Diſtreſs, and paſſed the ſucceeding Night with much Anxiety and Reſtleſneſs. On the next Morning, the Characteriſtic Symptom of the Canine Madneſs, the Hydrophobia (or Dread of Water) came on; within twelve Hours he became furiouſly mad, and on Sunday, about one o'Clock, he expired.

This (from many others which could be produced) is one unhappy Inſtance of the extreme Subtlety of the dreadful Poiſon, and of the great Danger there is in tampering with Animals, of whoſe being infected with it there is the leaſt Suſpicion. And the Publication of it is judged the more neceſſary, as from the Infrequency of this Complaint among us, and the general Ignorance of the Country People of the Danger to which they expoſe themſelves, the Owners of a favourite Dog, or other Animal, have frequently been led into very hazardous Attempts to preſerve their Lives; truſting, for their Security, to tying them up, or even ſuffering them to run at large, until they have done irreparable Miſchief.---It is hoped, therefore, that the Relation of this Fact will prevent ſuch a dangerous Security for the future; and that all Perſons, who ſhall become acquainted with it, will hereafter exert themſelves, on every Occaſion, to put a Stop to this dreadful Malady, by the timely Death of every Beaſt, in which the firſt Symptoms of Madneſs ſhall appear.

JUST PUBLISHED, and may be had of

JOSEPH CRUKSHANK,

At his Printing-Office, in Third-ſtreet, oppoſite the Work-houſe,

PRICE Four-pence,

A MITE caſt into the TREASURY,

OR,

Obſervations on SLAVE-KEEPING. ¶

Philadelphia, December 17, 1772.

THE CREDITORS of ISAAC DELYON, late of this City, Shop-keeper, are once more earneſtly requeſted to bring in their Accounts, duly proved, to the Aſſignees, before the 8th Day of January next, on which Day a Dividend will be made. Thoſe that neglect this Notice will be excluded their Dividend. PHILIP FRANCIS, THOMAS ASSHETON, EDWARD BATCHELOR, and JOSEPH DEAN, Aſſignees.

Philadelphia, December 17, 1772.

THE CREDITORS of JOSEPH ABRAHAMS, late of this City, Shop-keeper, are once more earneſtly requeſted to bring in their Accounts, duly proved, to the Aſſignees, before the 8th Day of January next, on which Day a Dividend will be made. Thoſe that neglect this Notice will be excluded their Dividend. DANIEL WILLIAMS, PHILIP FRANCIS, THOMAS ASSHETON, BENJAMIN GIBBS, and JOSEPH DEAN, Aſſignees.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER, at his SHOP, in Market-ſtreet, 3 doors above Strawberry-alley,

FULLERS SHEARS, proved to be good, and made by John Griffith, in Cheſter county; likewiſe a large and general aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, on the moſt reaſonable terms, for caſh only.-----All thoſe who are indebted to him, by bill, bond, or book debt, are hereby deſired to pay off their reſpective debts; otherwiſe they may depend on being proceeded againſt as the law directs, without further notice.

December 18, 1772. HUGH FRAZER. ¶

JOHN GILBERT,

PRACTITIONER in PHYSIC and SURGERY,

ACQUAINTS the Inhabitants of Philadelphia, and the neighbouring Places, that he has removed from Reading to Philadelphia, and at preſent lives in Market-ſtreet, the Corner of Fifth-ſtreet, in John Odenheimer's Houſe; where he has for Sale, a good and freſh Aſſortment of MEDICINES, which he will ſell at the loweſt Prices: Among them are Anderſon's Pills, Hooper's Pills, Godfrey's Cordial, Daffy's Elixir, and beſt Bitters. As he has travelled, and had much Experience in Phyſic, by Land and Sea, he undertakes the Cure of all Diſeaſes, internal and external, and will give the Poor his Advice gratis. ¶

Lower Penn's Neck, in Salem County, New-Jerſey, Dec. 16, 1772.

RUN away from his bail, in July, 1771, a certain man, named WILLIAM HOPKINS (but it is likely he has changed it to WILLIAM WOOD) a middle aged man, about 5 feet 10 inches high, of a dark complexion, wears his hair tied behind, ſhort fore teeth, ſtoop ſhouldered, and commonly followed ditching; had on, when he went away, a light coloured coat, leather breeches, and a half-worn caſtor hat. Whoever takes up the ſaid William Hopkins, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſhall have FIFTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by

¶ JOHN M'CUNE.

WAS COMMITTED to my cuſtody, on the 28th day of October laſt, one JOHN RUSSELL, who ſays he is a ſervant to William Baker, at Duck-creek, in Kent county, on Delaware. Likewiſe, on the 3d day of this inſtant, one WILLIAM GALLASPEY, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant. Their maſters are deſired to come, pay the charges, and take them away, within three weeks after this date, or they will be diſcharged, on paying their fees. ¶

Cheſter, December 23, 1772. JOEL WILLIS, Gaoler.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

ALL that valuable FARM whereon he dwells, ſituated in the county of New-Caſtle, and in view of the village of Chriſtiana Bridge, bounded near 3 miles on the navigable waters of Chriſtiana creek, being in a beautiful ſituation, containing 500 acres of land, 130 of which are cleared, about 25 acres of embanked meadow, and about ten more to bank, ten ditto of upland meadow, and a conſiderable quantity more may be made; alſo an orchard, with above 100 bearing trees, the remainder very good woodland, the wood is eaſily conveyed to Philadelphia market by water, which makes it very valuable; there are on ſaid farm two good brick dwelling-houſes, with a wharff and frame ſtore thereon, 37 feet by 21, compleatly finiſhed, one of the brick houſes was built for a ſhallop man, with the ſtores, to carry on ſaid buſineſs, for which it has been noted many years; the dwelling-houſe of brick, 45 feet by 20, with a good kitchen, all neatly finiſhed, a writing-office and chair-houſe of brick; alſo a Negroe houſe, granaries, ſmoke-houſe, ſheds for cattle, cart-houſe, and ſheep-houſe, with other out-buildings. Likewiſe a large new frame barn, with ſtables adjoining, 64 feet by 20, covered and weather-boarded with cedar, all compleatly finiſhed; alſo a farm-houſe and barn near the middle of the land, beſides three other ſmall tenements, under rent, adjoining the dwelling-houſe, two heat gardens, and a pump of water very convenient, great part of the land is incloſed with poſt and rail fence, and about 200 acres of woodland paſture taken in; one great advantage attending the above deſcribed land, which is bounded all along the creek, is, a never-failing quantity of the beſt rich blue mud, for manure, which may be had with eaſy acceſs, by which means it may be made as rich as the owner pleaſes, or in fact into mowing ground. The title to the whole indiſputable; the purchaſer may have a term of years for the payment, by giving proper ſecurity, and paying intereſt. For further particulars, and viewing the premiſes, apply to the ſubſcriber, living on ſaid eſtate, or his ſon, Samuel Patterſon, at Chriſtiana mills, WILLIAM PATTERSON.

N. B. When the above premiſes are diſpoſed of, there will be ſold, ſeveral houſes, lots and ſmall tracts of land, lying in and near the ſaid village of Chriſtiana Bridge, on the above terms of payment, by ſaid *William Patterſon.* ¶ 6 W.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, near George Stewart's Tavern, at the Lower Croſs Roads, in Baltimor County, the 10th of December, 1772, an Engliſh convict ſervant woman, named MARY PARKER, about 23 years of age, pretty luſty and fat, marked with the ſmall-pox, of a freſh complexion, dark ſandy coloured hair, has a blemiſh on her right eye, ſo that it looks whitiſh; had on, and took with her, a chints gown, a brown worſted gown, a red ditto, a red plain worſted petticoat, a rediſh pennella ditto, a light coloured cloth cloak, a black ſilk bonnet, a black Barcelona ſilk handkerchief, a red flowered ditto, alſo a linen handkerchief, with St. Paul's church, and the various cries of London, ſtamped on it, a man's hat, red worſted ſtockings, red caſimancoe ſhoes, a pair of womens calf-ſkin ditto, a black hood, and ſeveral other kinds of head-clothes, ſome lincey jackets and petticoats, a wrought pocket-book, and ſilver ring, which it is probable ſhe will wear on her finger, two ſilver table ſpoons, one of which is marked W. T. Alſo a bay mare, about 14 hands high, with a white ſtreak in her face, very ſmall towards her noſe, and paces pretty faſt; an old ſide-ſaddle, covered with buckſkin. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant woman, if within this county, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges; and if out of the county FIVE POUNDS; and for taking up and ſecuring the mare only, FIFTY SHILLINGS reward, paid by WILLIAM THOMPSON. ¶

RUN away, on Sunday, the 13th of December, 1772, from the ſubſcriber, living in Cambridge town, in Maryland, an Iriſh ſervant man, named THOMAS SHERIDAN, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, between 19 and 20 years of age, of a rediſh complexion, with large eye-brows, has long ſandy coloured hair, combed up before, and wears it tied behind in a large club, talks loud, and is very apt to ſwear by his maker; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a ſnuff-coloured old ſurtout coat, an old cloth-coloured ditto, without ſleeves, a brown cloth jacket, with black horn buttons, old white breeches, grey ribbed worſted ſtockings, half-worn ſhoes, with large plated buckles, wears his hat cocked up behind, two old white ſhirts, and commonly wears a ſtock and ſtock-buckle. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have SIX DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN MANNING.

*** All maſters of veſſels are forbid to carry him off. §

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

RUN away the 18th of December, 1772, from the ſubſcriber, living in East-Bradford townſhip, Cheſter county, an Iriſh ſervant man, named RICHARD HEASLIP, about 5 feet 8 inches high, lightiſh coloured curled hair, of a ſandy complexion, pock-marked; had on, when he went away, a cloth coloured upper jacket, with cuffs, the under one of ſtriped lincey, red blue and white, with metal buttons on each, the upper jacket not lined, a pair of light coloured cloth trowſers, a tow ſhirt, grey ſtockings, old ſhoes, and an old felt hat; he ſpeaks pretty good Engliſh. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall have the above reward, and if brought home, reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN TAYLOR. ¶

ALL perſons that have any demands againſt the eſtate of THOMAS TRESSE, late of Southwark, Houſe-carpenter, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their accounts, duly proved, in order for ſettlement, to ELIZABETH TRESSE, Executrix, THOMAS PUGH, Executor. Likewiſe thoſe that ſtand indebted by bond, note, or book-debt, are deſired to pay forthwith, to prevent further trouble. *December* 19, 1772. ¶

New-Garden Townſhip, Cheſter County, Eleventh-Month 23, 1772.

STOLEN, in the night of the 14th of laſt month, from the ſubſcriber, on William Miller's land, a black MARE, about 14 hands high, ſhe could pace and trot, branded on the near ſhoulder with an I, and on the near buttock with an L, ſix years old laſt ſpring, ſhe had a ſmall ſaddle mark on her back, and a ſmall ſtar in her forehead. Whoever ſecures the thief, ſo that he be legally convicted thereof, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and TWENTY SHILLINGS for the mare, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, from

¶ JOHN CURLE.

[*For more new* ADVERTISEMENTS, *ſee the Fourth Page.*]

To the FREEHOLDERS, and other ELECTORS, in the Province of PENNSYLVANIA.

My dear COUNTRYMEN,

THE Time is now arrived when you, who enjoy an inconteſted Birthright to civil and religious Liberty, may, by decent and ſuitable Petitions to your Delegates in Aſſembly, endeavour to obtain a Repeal of our juſtly deteſted EXCISE LAW---a Law, which had its Birth in Darkneſs and Secrecy, impenetrable to the unſuſpicious Eye of public Virtue.

It is moſt certainly a very alarming Conſideration, that whilſt Great-Britain is uſing every Art to deſtroy our Liberties, and in particular aiming a deadly Stroke at our invaluable Right of Trials by Juries, our own Repreſentatives, the only ſecure Bulwark we have againſt arbitrary Power, and its deſtructive Machinations, ſhould impoſe on us an Extenſion of our Exciſe Laws; of all Revenue Laws, the moſt odious and dangerous to a free People.

Can any FREEMAN read, without a virtuous Bluſh of Indignation, the Commiſſion of our ADMIRALTY VICE-ROY, which was publiſhed in the laſt Week's Journal? Or can it be read, without a Diſcovery of its great Reſemblance to our preſent Exciſe Law? They are both calculated to invade private Property, and perſonal Security, by the Eſtabliſhment of inferior petty Juriſdictions, to the Deſtruction of the common Law, and with it, our ſacred Right of Trials by our Peers. Theſe, my Countrymen, are evident and alarming Symptoms of an approaching Decay of our boaſted Liberties, and unleſs you now exert yourſelves, and ſtrive to avert the fatal Conſequences of the Wounds your Conſtitution has received, I may venture to predict, that in a few Years none of you will have it in your Power to ſit in Peace and Safety under your own Vines, and your own Fig Trees.

The preſent Law was formed and brought to Perfection with ſo much *artful Secrecy*, that few of you heard any Thing of it, before its *third Reading*; and this may be offered to the World, as an Apology for your otherwiſe unaccountable Neglect on that Occaſion: But now, no Argument of the leaſt Weight can be offered in your Favour, if you ſhould unfortunately neglect the preſent Opportunity of ſoliciting for a Repeal of it,---your Neglect now will give it a Sanction, and will render it a permanent and indelible Stain upon your own Memories, and an intolerable Grievance to your Poſterity, and your Country.

As Men are never wanting to juſtify the baſeſt and moſt deteſtable Impoſitions in all Countries, and as ſome of you may poſſibly lend a weak Ear to their accurſed Doctrines, I will, for your better Information, give you an Account of the Riſe and Progreſs of the Exciſe in England, by which you may learn, that the Wiſe and Virtuous have always ſteadily oppoſed its Introduction and Extenſion, whilſt the Slaves of arbitrary Power, the vileſt Panders of the moſt tyrannic Reigns, have ſtood alone in Support of it.

"The Experience of former Times ſhews, that the Exciſe Laws "originally, and every Extenſion of them afterwards, have al- "ways met with great Oppoſition from the People of England; "and *have ſometimes occaſioned the Ruin of thoſe Stateſmen, who "have either introduced, or attempted to introduce them.*" The Exciſe was the Darling of the Stuarts; they imported, nurſed, and adopted this favorite Son of Tyranny, and it is to them we are beholden for the Ravages, which this deſtructive Monſter has made of our Liberties.

"The Exciſe was a Project ſent from Italy to King James the Firſt, in the Year 1618, as a compleat Plan of Revenue and Power. He adopted it; but on propoſing it to his Privy Council, was diſſuaded from it. His Succeſſor, Charles the Firſt, took it up, in the Year 1628, and iſſued a Commiſſion of Exciſe accompanied with a *ſecret* Levy of Troops abroad to ſecure its Succeſs; but it was diſcovered by Parliament, oppoſed, and after ſome Struggle (in which the Parliament *voted* all thoſe, who were Friends to that Exciſe, *Enemies to the State, and no true Engliſhmen*) the King was forced to give it up; and they ſoon after impeached the Duke of Buckingham for exciſing them. After the Troubles began, the Parliament itſelf eſtabliſhed an Exciſe by Law, in 1643. It made the People uneaſy; ſo that the Parliament promiſed by the Judges, on their Circuits, in 1645, that it ſhould be taken off, as ſoon as the Urgency of the War was over.---------Soon after the Court of Wards and Liveries was aboliſhed, and the Exciſe was likewiſe reſtrained to Victuallers. Some Attempts were made in the Protectorate, to extend and perpetuate the Exciſe, but they came to nothing.-----At the Reſtoration, in 1660, it was propoſed to give the Crown the Exciſe, *reſtrained to Victuallers*, in Lieu of Wards and Liveries, and Knight Service. This, however, was much oppoſed; and it was propoſed, rather to fix and regulate the old Powers of that feudal Court; but *the Court had a Mind to the Exciſe*, and carried it, *though reſtrained*, but by two, *viz.* 149 to 151. In the Courſe of this Bill an artful Attempt was made to extend the Exciſe to private Houſes, under a Pretence of levying a Duty on the Makers of Cyder and Perry; but the Parliament perceived the Snare, and, on the Queſtion, rejected the Propoſal. The Exciſe has ever ſince been confined to TRADERS and VICTUALLERS. Sir Ropert Walpole propoſed, *as a Remedy*, to regulate the Powers of Exciſe by an Appeal, but this did not ſatisfy; and having confeſſed the Grievance, by propoſing a Remedy (the oppoſite Party too being ſtrong) he was forced to drop it; and thus it continued till the Scheme of Lord Bute. This was firſt brought in as a Scheme of Supply, without extending the Exciſe, confining the Duty, which was much heavier than what was afterwards fixed by the Act to the Victualler. This the Country Gentlemen did not reliſh, and the Court ſeeming to attend to them, changed the Mode, extended the Exciſe to private Houſes, and lowered the Duty. *The Country Gentlemen, ſeeing the Tax lowered, ſeemed not to regard the Power of the Exciſe till they felt it, and then in vain oppoſed it.*"

One Thing, however, muſt be acknowledged, that the Bill was *hurried* through both Houſes with ſuch remarkable and ſingular Diſpatch, that there was not Time for the Sufferers to petition and remonſtrate againſt it. But the City of London immediately met in Guildhall, and, with a Spirit of Liberty deſerving the higheſt Commendation, unanimouſly determined to preſent Petitions to the three Branches of the Legiſlature againſt a Bill, which they could not but conſider as an Invaſion of the natural Rights and Privileges of their Fellow-ſubjects: And the following Inſtructions from the Lord-Mayor, Aldermen and Commons, were prepared, and preſented to their Repreſentatives: "This Court cannot for- "bear expreſſing to you their Surprize at THE PRECIPITATE "PROGRESS which has been made, in a new Attempt towards a "general Exciſe.

"The Extenſion of Exciſe Laws into private Houſes, whereby "the Subject is made liable to a frequent and arbitrary Viſitation "of Officers, and the judicial Determinations of Commiſſioners, "removable at Pleaſure, is inconſiſtent with thoſe Principles of "Liberty, which have hitherto diſtinguiſhed this Nation from "ARBITRARY GOVERNMENTS.

"An Attack upon the Liberty of the Subject, made ſo immediately after a glorious and ſucceſsful War, and at a Time when "we had juſt Reaſon to expect to enjoy the Bleſſings of Peace, "demands your ſerious Attention.

"And this Court doth remark, that whatever may be the Ne- "ceſſity of the Times, the Smallneſs of the Sum indicates, *that "cannot be the only Motive to ſo extraordinary a Meaſure.*

"For theſe Reaſons, this Court doth moſt earneſtly recommend "your conſtant Attendance in Parliament, and utmoſt Endeavours "to oppoſe every Enlargement and Extenſion of the Powers of "Exciſe; and *that you do not conceal from the Public any ſuch At- "tempt*, nor ſuffer yourſelves to be amuſed by any plauſible Alte- "ration in the Bill, ſubjecting the Makers of Cyder and Perry to "Exciſe Laws."

One would almoſt imagine, there had been ſomething in this virtuous Inſtruction of the City of London prophetic of the *artful Deſigns*, which have been ſo evident in the Tranſaction of laſt January; or, at leaſt, that this Inſtruction had been read by *ſome Perſons*, who have taken Care to put the very reverſe of it in Practice.

A very daring Attempt has likewiſe been made in New-Jerſey, to introduce there this Monſter of Oppreſſion; but the Attempt was vain. The diſintereſted Inhabitants of that Province diſdained the gilded Bait, prudently conſidering that, altho' their Province was deſtitute of a Fund for the decent Support of Government, it were better to ſuffer any Inconvenience through that Want, than *to fill their Treaſury, at the Expence of every Thing that was valuable amongſt Men.* It may, in all Probability, be renewed again, eſpecially if you, the boaſted Sons of Liberty and your Country, bear patiently the galling Yoke.-----But I hope their late Conduct, not your imprudent Example, will prove a Line of public Duty to both Provinces.

The Inhabitants of the Maſſachuſetts-Bay had the Hardineſs, like yourſelves, to taſte the Sweets of exciſed Articles: But Experience ſoon convinced them it was a dangerous Project, and their good Senſe and public Spirit induced them to lay this Mode of Taxation aſide.

The Abettors of Exciſe have always been forced to acknowledge, that it is a GRIEVOUS MODE OF TAXATION; but they ſay it is ELIGIBLE, becauſe the beſt and moſt effectual for the Increaſe of the Revenue. Thus Stateſmen ſet at nought the Rights and Privileges of their Countrymen, when they want Money to proſecute, in the Name of the Public, *any private Scheme or Undertaking.*

There is in the preſent Exciſe Law a Clauſe, which cannot be equalled by any Law in this or any other free Country, for Plenitude of Power, and Severity of Execution; "And for the bet- "ter diſcovering of Frauds, &c. it ſhall and may be lawful for "any Juſtice of the Peace, within this Province, upon Applica- "tion to him made by any of the Collectors aforeſaid, to ſummon "any Perſon or Perſons to appear before him, at ſuch Time and "Place as he ſhall appoint, to give Evidence, upon Oath or Af- "firmation, for the Diſcovery of Frauds and Abuſes againſt this "Act. And if any Perſon or Perſons ſo ſummoned ſhall neglect "or refuſe to appear, and give Evidence as aforeſaid, it ſhall and "may be lawful to and for ſuch Juſtice to iſſue his Warrant for "apprehending ſuch Perſon or Perſons, ſo offending, and bringing "him or them before him, and thereupon to *commit ſuch Offender "or Offenders to the Goal of the County*, WHERE HE SHALL RE- "MAIN, WITHOUT BAIL OR MAINPRIZE, UNTIL HE "SHALL CONSENT TO BE EXAMINED, AND GIVE EVI- "DENCE AS THIS ACT DIRECTS."

Thus, my Countrymen, you live at the Mercy of a ſingle Magiſtrate, ſet on by the Suſpicions of an intereſted Exciſeman; who may ſummon you to attend his all-powerful TRIBUNAL, to anſwer Interrogatories on Oath, to impeach yourſelves, your Friends, your neareſt and deareſt Relations. Surely the Authors of this Law muſt have ſuppoſed themſelves in TURKEY, forging Chains for the abject Vaſſals of that bloody Court, when they penned the black, the deadly Sentence. It never could be intended for this Region of civil and religious Liberty! though indeed the *Violation of your private Dwellings, the Encouragement of Curruption and Perjury, the Diſſolution of the moſt ſacred Ties of Friendſhip, and the obliging you to accuſe yourſelves, ſeem to be favorite Ideas in that Law.*-----For as to the Exigences of Government, a more eaſy and ſafe Method lay open for that Purpoſe, which would not have been attended with one Half the Trouble and Expence, and have ſaved all that Load of Complaint occaſioned by the Exciſe.

"Hiſtory is Philoſophy teaching by Example," ſo that if you are deſirous of profiting by the Experience of others, you need only look into the Annals of Europe, and you will find ſufficient Cauſe to put you on your Guard againſt the Extenſion of Exciſe in this Province.

Let me then beſeech you, my dear Countrymen, to lay this Matter to Heart.---If you do not approve, and I truſt you cannot, theſe alarming Violations of your Liberty and Property, prepare without Delay Inſtructions to your reſpective Delegates, and humble Petitions to your Honourable Aſſembly, beſeeching them, to take theſe Matters into immediate Conſideration, and to RELIEVE yourſelves, your Poſterity, and your Country, from EXCISE, *the moſt cruel, moſt galling Badge of Slavery, that can be impoſed on any Country.*

Philadelphia, December 18, 1772.

LONDON October 1.

A Spirited memorial is ſaid to be preparing, in order to be ſent to the Court of Madrid, in favour of the Britiſh ſeamen, who have unfortunately fallen into the hands of the Spaniſh Guarda Coaſtas in the Weſt-Indies. It is affirmed, that there is now ſome hundreds of thoſe brave fellows in the ſeveral priſons of the Havanna, St. Domingo, La Vera Cruz, &c. who are more cruelly treated than thoſe who fell into the hands of the Turks; that, contrary to the law of nations, they are employed in the moſt ſlaviſh drudgeries; and, if even the officers refuſe to perform the taſks allotted them, they are unmercifully puniſhed.

The many field preachers of late about this metropolis, we hear, is a matter that has been taken under conſideration by government, at the deſire of ſome very great divines, who have given ſufficient reaſons, that they are of dangerous tendency to the eſtabliſhed church. The reſult of theſe conſiderations, it is ſaid, will be a piece of buſineſs for Parliament the enſuing winter.

Some Letters from Liſbon mention, that one of the Judges, who pronounced ſentence upon the conſpirators againſt the life of his Portugueſe Majeſty, was maſſacred in his own houſe the 4th ult. together with his wife, children, and three ſervants.

Among other objects of importance, which the new Ambaſſador, Lord Stormont, has in charge at the Court of Verſailles, is an agreement on our part to lower the duty on French wines, provided France on her part conſents to take our hardware; a treaty, which has been long talked of, and is ſuppoſed to be very advantageous to both kingdoms.

The affair of lopping off the rotten boroughs from a power of electing members to ſerve in parliament, and granting repreſentatives to principal towns, was lately mentioned in the cabinet; but Lord North declared, that however deſirous ſuch a circumſtance might be, there was too much buſineſs at preſent on the hands of government, to allow of any attempts at improving the form of our conſtitution. [*Has this matter any relation to the form of our conſtitution?*]

A certain member of St. Stephen's Chapel is framing a bill, in order to enforce the reſidence of the clergy, and that the ſame may be grounded on ſtrict juſtice, and productive of the greater utility, the Biſhops will be obliged to reſide within their dioceſes for full nine months in every year, under the penalty of 500l.

Oct. 3. Letters from Riga, dated Sept. 22, ſay, "that a revolution had lately happened at Courland, and that the Duke de Biron was obliged to retire. The particulars of which are ſtill unknown, but it is the general cauſe, and the People in every country begin now to open their eyes, and will no longer bear the yoke of arbitrary power."

Yeſterday Sir Stephen Theodore Janſſen, Bart. Chamberlain of this city, polled for the Aldermen Wilkes and Townſhend; after which he delivered into the hands of Mr. Lewis a paper, containing the following words: *I never will give my* Poll *on the ſide eſpouſed by* Miniſters, *who have dared to adviſe his Majeſty to pardon* Murder *and B--------r.*

Since the above, the following has appeared:---*The Friends of Sir Stephen Theodore Janſſen preſent their compliments to the worthy Liverymen of London, and beg that the ridiculous paper, which he yeſterday delivered to Mr. Sheriff Lewis, may not prejudice him in their opinion, as his great age, joined to his perſonal infirmities, has materially impaired his judgment.*

Oct. 6. So much was the heart of a certain Great Perſonage in the late election, that is is ſaid meſſengers were diſpatched every half hour, with an account of the ſtate of the poll.

"The preſent century (ſays a writer in one of the papers) may very juſtly be ſtiled the age of revolutions; in which the Empreſs of Ruſſia took the lead. The next perſon in this crown dance, is Lewis XV. and he, good man, firſt baniſhed all the Jeſuits out of his kingdom, and then baniſhed all the Parliaments out of Paris to the ſame tune. Not to be behind hand with this Roman Catholick King, the Proteſtant King of Denmark baniſhed his own dear wife; and, to convince the world of the great benefits naturally reſulting from petticoat government, put the political reins into the hands of his ſtep-mother. This young man's neighbour, Guſtavus, King of Sweden, perceiving with what facility revolutions are now a days effected, thought it very pretty to be an abſolute Monarch, ſo he abſolved himſelf of his coronation oath, diſſolved his Parliament, and told them, that, if he ſhould think proper, he would call them together in ſix Years. The young Emperor of Germany could not ſee all this fine ſport going on, as a mere ſpectator; therefore, not to be entirely idle, he ſends an army of 60,000 men into Poland, and appropriates to himſelf one fourth part of that Kingdom, an earneſt of one day monopolizing the whole. But of all the Royal Revolutioniſts of the preſent age, commend me to that excellent Logician the King of Pruſſia; by a new mode of reaſoning, far ſuperior to that of the ſchools, he fairly proves, that Royal Pruſſia and Great Poland belonged to the houſe of Brandenbourg long before that houſe exiſted; and therefore it is but right it ſhould belong to that houſe, now it actually does exiſt."

By advices from Spain we learn, that at the enrolment of perſons, fitly qualified to ſerve on board his Catholic Majeſty's ſhips of war, the number amounted to 22,000, beſides thoſe in actual ſervice. More than one half of theſe regiſtered ſeamen can be brought to their places of rendezvous in leſs than a fortnight, and the remainder within three months. By the above advices we likewiſe hear, that the King of Spain has lately given orders for taking a liſt of all the foreigners ſettled in his dominions. The intention of this order, it is ſaid, is to prevent the natives from aſſuming the quality of foreigners, in order to enjoy certain privileges granted by treaty.

Letters from Madrid ſay, that the Prince Maſſerano, who lately reſided here as Ambaſſador from that court, is likely to be called to an account, for giving up to the Britiſh court ſome particular points, with regard to the prior right to Falkland's Iſland. The ſame letters ſay, that the greateſt preparations are making for war, that were ever known in that kingdom; and that their naval force is much ſtronger than ever it was before, having been augmenting of it ever ſince the concluſion of the laſt war.

Letters from Gibraltar ſay, that a very powerful fleet of men of war, conſiſting of Spaniſh and Portugal ſhips, are arrived in the Mediterranean, but for what intent is not known.

Oct. 10. Letters by the foreign mails yeſterday declare, that a body of 40,000 Pruſſians were in full march for Hamburgh, which ſeems to indicate, that city will not long continue under its preſent form of government.

An experiment has been made of the New Steering-Wheel, invented by Lieut. Savage, on board his Majeſty's ſhip Fowey, in the Paſſage from Plymouth to Boſton, in North-America, which is found to ſteer with eaſe and ſafety, and allowed, by ſeveral officers of the Navy, and other eminent mechanics, who have examined it, to be a moſt uſeful and a very ingenious invention.

The Jail diſtemper is univerſal in Newgate, and it is ſaid that the priſoners are daily dying.

Mr. Smith, the foreman, and two or three others of the Jury, at the laſt Seſſions at the Old Bailey, died a few days ſince at Fulham, of the Jail diſtemper, and three others are given over.

Yeſterday, after a Scrutiny was demanded againſt the Aldermen Wilkes and Townſend, Mr. Piper addreſſed himſelf to the Gentlemen of the Livery as follows:

Gentlemen of the Livery,

"The Miniſtry, and their proteſting Tools, have echo'd through- "out the whole Kingdom, that the Patriots and Friends to Li- "berty are the Diſturbers of the public Tranquility, and thoſe "Miniſterial Gentry declare, if it coſts 100,000l. they are deter- "mined to go through with the Scrutiny, therefore he ſubmitted "to their Conſideration, which Party juſtly deſerved that odious "Appellation.",

"Meſſ. Aldermen Halifax and Shakeſpear having, upon the moſt frivolous and ill-grounded Pretences, demanded againſt Meſſ. Aldermen Wilkes and Townſend, a Scrutiny of the Poll for Lord Mayor of this City for the Year enſuing, manifeſtly calculated for the Purpoſes of putting this City into the moſt alarming Diſorder and Confuſion, of creating and fomenting amongſt its Inhabitants unhappy Feuds, Bickerings and Animoſities, and of wantonly and vexatiouſly loading the Friends of Meſſ. Wilkes and Townſend with a moſt heavy, cruel and enormous Expence: It is therefore earneſtly requeſted and recommended to you, by the Committee appointed to conduct the ſame on their Behalf, that you do uſe your utmoſt and moſt ſpeedy Endeavours to detect and find out every legal Cauſe of Diſqualification to any of the Voters who polled for Meſſ. Halifax and Shakeſpear."

Oct. 12. *It is ſaid, that his Majeſty's Ambaſſador at Conſtantinople, has ſolicited to be recalled, on Account of having received ſome Marks of Diſreſpect from the Superior Officers of the Turkiſh Divan.*

Extract of a Letter from an Officer in the Eaſt-Indies, to his Friend in Town, dated Trichinopoly, March 8, 1772.

"We marched from off theſe plains the 12th of September, 1771, with about 10,000 fighting men, European and Seapoys, beſides many of the Nabob's rabble. We marched in two lines by the right, and in ſix days came before Vellum, a ſtrong fort belonging to the King of Tanjour. The General ſummoned the fort to ſurrender, which the enemy refuſed; and the next day we took poſſeſſion of their Petta, being the outſkirts of the garriſon. The day following the King of Tanjour's horſe, about 6000, ſtormed our camp, to no purpoſe, as every man who rode in forgot ever to return. We took advantage of this ſucceſs to carry on our approaches; but as ſoon as we opened a battery of ſix 18, and four 24 pounders, they evacuated the garriſon. After garriſoning this fort, we marched on to Tanjour; the march is but ſmall, as the difference is but four Malabar miles, equal to ſeven of ours. The 26th of September we took poſſeſſion of their Petta, without any reſiſtance. We broke ground the 29th, and erected an 8 gun battery, conſiſting of 18 and 24 pounders. The 30th, the enemy ſtormed it, took it, and burned all the baſtions and gabions, before we could get in our guns. The next day there was ordered a covering party, with a battalion of Seapoys, who retook the ground, raiſed a battery a ſecond time, got in the guns, and began to knock off the defences of the walls.

"The 1ſt of October the General got an account of their whole force being in motion, he therefore gave orders to have one field officer (which was Major Vaughan) and a brigade of guns, which I had the honour to command, to march down immediately to the relief of the trenches, which we accordingly did. At two o' clock in the morning, at day break, we diſcovered the enemy drawn up, rather irregular, conſiſting of about 6000 horſe, Seapoys and Colleries, the whole amounting to about 13,000. We had no more at this time but about 1000 Seapoys, and 150 Europeans. About ten o' clock they began the attack upon our left, very deſperate, as it was their laſt puſh. The Major, not thinking our force ſufficient, ſent expreſs to camp for the grenadiers, who did not arrive until one o' clock. I was poſted on the right of the whole, where I kept up a continual fire from ten o' clock till twelve, when the whole body of horſe made a charge on the right, as I ſuppoſed, to take the guns from my poſt. They were fortunately for me diſappointed, as moſt of us were cut to pieces. I was by this time under the neceſſity of working the guns myſelf, as I had but 4 men left, out of 14, to two guns.

"The Killidare's ſon, Madar Cown, who perhaps was one of the braveſt men that ever exiſted, rode up full gallop to the very gun I was at; ſo that the man, who was ramming home the charge, could ſcarce get off from his horſe's trampling him: However, as luck would have it, my ſhot took place, and he fell between my two guns, having an entire round of grape ſhot in his body, at three yards diſtance. The reſt of his troops, on ſeeing him fall, took to the right about, and rallied. Juſt as they had formed, the grenadiers company came up, which critically ſaved us, as their reinforcement compleated our victory.

"After this we carried our approaches to the creſt of the glacis, and opened our ſap battery; but the day after we had compleated the breach, the Nabob and Raji came to terms. This is the whole of the tranſaction with the King of Tanjour. There is now a very ſtrong report of a war with the Morattoes; but the grounds for this report I am at preſent ignorant of."

It is now aſſerted, that the bakers refuſed to buy the American flour, alledging, that it would not make bread white enough for their London cuſtomers; this is the conſequence of the Chief Magiſtrate's not publiſhing an order for baking of ſecond bread; or if they wiſhed well to the poor labourers, they would offer a

premium to induce ſome honeſt baker to adopt a meaſure, which muſt inevitably prove of great utility; the American flour was ſhipped off for Briſtol, and it will be acceptable to many perſons, to know what uſe it is applied to there.

The following is the true political ſtate of Europe, as it ſtands at preſent.

On the one Side,	On the other,
France,	Ruſſia,
Spain,	Denmark,
Sweden,	The Empire,
Sardinia,	Hungary,
The Ottoman Porte,	Pruſſia,
	The Sicilies, &c.

Neutrals,

Great-Britain------Portugal------The Dutch.

We are informed by a reſpectable correſpondent, that the political creed now in force at St. James's, and which has been recommended from the Council, is, "To keep free from the preſent dreadful commotions in Europe while we can keep free from them."

Oct. 13. What renders the Scrutiny ſo very odious is this Circumſtance.---Every Perſon, who has at any Time accepted of Charity, however affluent his Fortune may now be, is diſqualified. Now many Men, who are at preſent very rich and independent, may have received Aſſiſtance from Companies and other Bodies of Men, but they are not very fond of having this Anecdote made known to all the World.

The Circumſtance of the Scrutiny has, it is certain, given great Diſguſt to all the ſenſible and reflecting Part of the Livery, inſomuch that there is the greateſt Reaſon in the World to believe, that if there was to be a new Poll, Mr. Wilkes would have Ten Votes where he has now but One.

Mr. Wilkes has always throve by Oppoſition. Had not the Miniſtry exerted themſelves to fruſtrate his Election in the City and in Middleſex, he might have perhaps paſſed without Notice; for, notwithſtanding his Merit, as a Thorn in the Side of the Miniſtry, the People were not ſo much influenced by that Circumſtance, as by the Spirit of Oppoſition, which from long Practice has become a Habit, and is in fact the laſt Anchor of the Conſtitution.

It is ſaid, that the ſcrutiny will coſt 5000 l. which expence muſt be paid by the loſing candidates.

On Sunday an expreſs arrived from Peterſburgh, and, we hear, brings a confirmation of a revolution which lately happened there, and the depoſing the Empreſs. It is further ſaid, it was brought about by the French, who were jealous of her growing greatneſs, and ſaw that ſhe was no friend to their intereſt, but ſhewed the greateſt regard to the Engliſh. On the contrary,

We can aſſure our readers, upon the beſt authority, that the letters from Peterſburgh, which arrived yeſterday by the foreign mails, make not any mention of the revolution, which, it is reported, has lately happened there.

It is a fact, that ſeveral public ſocieties have already ſent handſome ſubſcriptions to the committee at the Paul's Head, towards defraying the expence of the ſcrutiny, which the patriotic party are determined to carry through with the utmoſt vigour.

We hear that the Rev. Dr. Wilſon has ſubſcribed 100 l. towards the expence of the ſcrutiny.

From Warſaw we learn, that on Sunday, the 20th of September, the Ambaſſadors from the Court of Berlin, Vienna, and Peterſburgh, notified to the King, and his Miniſters, from their ſeveral Sovereigns, the claims, in virtue of which they have taken poſſeſſion of certain territories in that kingdom; they alſo demanded, that a Dyet ſhould be convoked for the purpoſe of recognizing the above claims. The King declared, that he would not ſet his hand to any thing on that ſubject, and that, under the preſent circumſtances of affairs, no Dyet could poſſibly be held. The manifeſto of the Empreſs of Ruſſia (with neither date, nor the name of the place where it was publiſhed) does not mention what parts of Poland ſhe lays claim to; but it is juſt now reported, that ſhe will take poſſeſſion of the Palatinates of Polocks, Witepſk, and Meiſlaw, which together form near one third of the Duchy of Lithuania.

The friends of freedom at the Paul's Head tavern may boaſt of the beſt piece of Generalſhip, that has ever been tranſacted at any election. They ſubſcribed one guinea each, to the amount of 500, for tavern expences, and, by examining the ſtate of the poll daily, a party went always out ſoliciting the unpolled Livery, whilſt the others were backing their endeavours by wagers, which made them all principals; whereby, it is ſuppoſed, beſides carrying the election, they have cleared more money than will pay the expence of the ſcrutiny.

The plan of operation, laid down by the Miniſterial party, on occaſion of the late election, is as follows:----They will object to ſuch a number of voters on the popular ſide as would, if their objections were admitted, turn the ſcale in their favour; and, on a refuſal from the other party to admit ſuch objections, they will carry the affair into the Court of King's Bench, where it may remain for ſome months, during which time Mr. Naſh will act as *Locum Tenens*.

Our wretched Miniſters, and their more wretched tools, are determined, by every means in their power, to make Mr. Wilkes ſtill more popular than ever.---It is ſuppoſed, that the late demand of a ſcrutiny has gained him a thouſand additional friends.

We are aſſured, by a perſon who took the poll, that the ſcrutiny will turn out to Mr. Wilkes's advantage, his voters, on the whole, being plain, decent men; while the Court candidates, amidſt a few rich, polled the very ragged alſo.

BOSTON, *December* 14.

We hear, that a Man of War arrived at New-York laſt Week, after a long Paſſage from England; and, on Thurſday Evening laſt, an Expreſs arrived in Town, with Diſpatches for Admiral Montagu, ſince which one or two of his Majeſty's Ships in our Harbour have been fitting out, which, we hear, are deſtined for Rhode-Iſland; and that the Admiral is to hoiſt his Flag on board one of the Men of War, and proceed himſelf for that Place, in Conſequence of ſome important Diſpatches from England.

We hear, that a ſpecial Court of Vice-Admiralty, under the Royal Commiſſion, for the Trial of Piracies, Murders, &c. committed upon the High Seas, will be held at the Court-houſe in Boſton, on Wedneſday, the 16th of this Month, for the Trial of Anſell Nickerſon, the Priſoner now in his Majeſty's Goal, charged with the Murder of four Perſons, on their Paſſage from Boſton to Cape-Cod, as mentioned in the late Papers.

The Julius Cæſar Tender, with Volunteer Seamen for his Majeſty's Ships at Plymouth, was loſt in Briſtol Channel the 8th of October, and 30 Men were drowned.

PHILADELPHIA, *December* 23.

Captain Martin, from Liſbon, on the 6th Inſtant, in Lat. 37: 12, Long. 69: 40, ſpoke the Ship Dorothy, from Glaſgow for Virginia, out 82 Days, all well, but the Wind blowing very hard, he could not learn the Maſter's Name.

Captain May, from St. Croix, on the 4th Inſtant, in Lat. 28, Long. 71, ſpoke a Brig, from Glaſgow for North-Carolina, out 6 Weeks, but could not learn further Particulars; 7th, in Lat. 28: 30, Long. 73: 30, ſpoke the Schooner Suſanna, Captain Green, from this Port for New-Providence, out 5 Days; and on the 10th, in Lat. 33: 40, Long. 74, he ſpoke a Sloop, Captain Eves, from St. Martins for North-Carolina, out 24 Days.

By Captain May we learn, that the Ship Fame, Captain White, of this Port, which was drove aſhore at St. Croix, in the late Hurricane, was got off the 20th of laſt Month, without any Damage.

The Schooner Charming Nancy, Captain Hand, from St. Croix for this Port, foundered in Lat. 31, Long. 69; the Captain and Crew, after being 48 Hours in their Boat, were taken up by Capt. Hyndman, bound to Virginia from Glaſgow, who landed them at Cape-Charles.

Arrived from Philadelphia. Captain Caſſon, at Liſbon; Captain Mullet, at St. Chriſtophers; and the Captains Genſell, and Roſs, at St. Croix.

MARRIED. DAVID RITTENHOUSE, A. M. to Miſs HANNAH JACOBS.---Mr. JACOB HOWELL, to Miſs POLLY CARMALT.

On the 18th Inſtant, to the great Affliction of her Relations and Friends, departed this Life, in the 56th Year of her Age, PATIENCE EASTON, late of Newport, in Rhode-Iſland. She was a Woman of a ſweet and amiable Diſpoſition, poſſeſſing many good Qualities, that made her Life agreeable to herſelf, and to all her Acquaintance: The Evidence of an upright Conſcience ſupported her in the Cloſe of her Days, and gave her a Foretaſte of eternal Happineſs in Heaven, where ſanctified Spirits are ſinging Praiſes together, and the Sons of God are ſhouting with inconceivable Joy.

Saturday laſt died, aged 78 Years, Mrs. ELIZABETH STEVENS, a valuable Member of the Society of Friends.

On Sunday Morning, at Six o'Clock, died here, Dr. RICHARD BOND, aged 22 Years, after a long and painful Diſeaſe, which he bore with manly Fortitude, and mild Reſignation.------ From the Greatneſs of his Genius, and his cloſe Application, it was evident that he would have ſhone, with diſtinguiſhed Luſtre, in the difficult and important Profeſſion he had undertaken.------ He was benevolent, affable, polite, and felt, with nice Senſibility, all the gentleſt Emotions of the human Heart.------Theſe amiable Qualities endeared him much to every Perſon, with whom he was connected, but moſt to his Parents: In them they ſtrengthened the Bonds of natural Affection during his Life, and multiplied each Source of Grief in the ſolemn Moments of his Diſſolution.------

O Thou! whoſe Diſpenſations all adore,
Dry up the Tears thy Goodneſs taught to flow;
By Thee was ſent that Son they now deplore,
And Thou, great Parent, know'ſt a Parent's Woe.

His Remains were Yeſterday interred in Chriſt-Church Burying-ground, attended by the moſt reſpectable Inhabitants of this City.

Friday laſt Joſeph Marſhall, a Sailor Lad, was committed to our Goal, on Suſpicion of robbing the Houſe of Mrs. Ann Gibbs, of this City, of 150 l. We hear about 50 l. of the Money was found on him when taken.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, *Philadelphia.* INWARD ENTRIES.

Schooner Nancy, J. Bernard, from Piſcataqua. Sloop Robert, W. Bunting, and Schooner Mulberry, S. Cawley, Virginia. Schooner Polly, J. Greely, Boſton. Sloop Peace and Plenty, J. Anthony, and Sloop Abigail, N. Weſt, Rh. Iſland. Sloop Patowmack, G. Rowe, Maryland. Brig New Speedwell, R. Wilſon, Honduras. Brig Nancy, W. Hawkins, Barbados. Ship George, S. Martin, Liſbon. Snow Britannia, R. Eyres, from St. Euſtatia.

OUTWARDS. *Brig Dove, W. Allen, for Barbados. Ship Sally, J. Oſman, S. Carolina. Ship Neſbit, J. Green, and Ship Hope, G. Johnſton, Liſbon. Ship Warwick, C. Smith, Hiſpaniola. Sloop Charlotte, J. Lockton, St. Euſtatia. Sloop Abigail, N. Weſt, Rh. Iſland. Sloop Polly, J. Greely, Boſton. Schooner Britannia, A. Tappan, for Newbury, N. E.*

CLEARED. *Ship Mercury, J. Steel, to Barbados. Brig Lovely Laſs, D. Kennicut, Brig Delaware, E. Bingley, and Schooner King Tamony, J. Allen, Jamaica. Schooner Hetty, S. Benezet, and Ship Catherine, R. Torrans, Hiſpaniola. Ship Cheſter, J. Anderſon, Gibralter. Ship Crawford, C. Thompſon, Cadiz. Sloop Betſey, V. Wightman, Rh. Iſland. Sloop Speedwell, J. Ardis, Sloop Robert, W. Bunting, and Sloop Rachel, W. Underhill, Virginia. Ship Arundel, W. Manſon, and Brig Peggy, P. Brown, Leghorn. Brig Charming Sally, J. Brown, N. Carolina. Sloop Kingſton, J. Smith, and Brig Chance, J. Craig, Grenades. Brig Charleſtown Packet, S. Wright, S. Carolina. Schooner Delaware, B. Goodhue, Salem, N. E. Schooner Friends Adventure, R. Follett, Piſcataqua. Sloop Ruſſell, N. Martin, Maryland. Sloop Succeſs, C. Alexander, St. Vincents. Sloop Peggy, J. Barry, to St. Euſtatia.*

Philadelphia, December 21, 1772.

TWENTY-FIVE POUNDS REWARD

WILL be paid, by the WARDENS of the CITY (on Conviction of the Offenders) for Diſcovery of the Perſon or Perſons, who, on Saturday Night laſt, between the Hours of *Ten* and *Eleven*, took away one of the PUBLIC LAMPS, which was fixed in Fourth-ſtreet, between High and Cheſtnut-ſtreets.

The repeated Inſults the City has lately received, by damaging and taking away the *Public Lamps*, will doubtleſs be properly reſented by the *Inhabitants*; and the WARDENS requeſt the Aſſiſtance of their Fellow-citizens, in order to a Diſcovery of the Perpetrators of thoſe infamous Practices, that a Check may be put to a *growing* Evil, of the moſt dangerous Tendency.

Philadelphia, December 23, 1772.

TO-MORROW, the 24th Inſtant, at Nine o' Clock,

At FOOTMAN and JEYES's Vendue-ſtore, the upper End of Second-ſtreet,

WILL begin the Sale of a large Aſſortment of MERCHANDIZE, ſuitable to the Seaſon; among which are, broadcloths, in pieces and patterns; bearſkins and naps; Bath coatings; fine foreſt cloths; white and red flannels; blue and red duffils; half-thicks and plains; ſhaloons, durants, and tammies; worſted prunels and ſtarrets; brown buckrams; mens and womens worſted hoſe; velverets; worſted mitts; white and brown ſheeting; dowlas and ſileſias; muſlin handkerchiefs; calimancoes and laſtings; Iriſh poplins; new ſilk and lungee romal handkerchiefs, cotton romal ditto, Barcelona and culgee ditto; 6qr. and 7qr. bed bunts; Flanders and Engliſh tick; 6qr. humhums; quadruple ſileſias; Holland whited long lawns; cambricks and lawns; clouting diapers; hempen and curled Ruſſia; China blue handkerchiefs, check ditto; imperial and ferret laces; linen and cotton checks; Iriſh linens, &c. &c. 1w

Philadelphia, Twelfth-Month 23, 1772.

To be LET,

THE WHITE-HORSE INN, in Market-ſtreet, now in the Tenure of Jonathan Cowpland. Enquire of

JACOB SHOEMAKER.

ALL Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of JEREMIAH ELFRETH, late of this City, deceaſed, are requeſted to make ſpeedy Payment; and all thoſe having any Demands againſt ſaid Eſtate, are requeſted to bring them in, that they may be ſettled, by ROBERT DAWSON, and BARNABY BARNES, Executors. 6 W.

DOCTOR GEORGE WEED

BEGS leave to inform the PUBLIC, that he was a regular bred Phyſician, in New-England, and ſerved his time with Ephraim Wooner, a licenced Doctor, who was one of the greateſt and moſt ſucceſsful Practitioners of Phyſic in Connecticut, in New-England, in his day; and ſince that he has had above 34 years ſucceſsful practice, in which time he has diſcovered, and brought to perfection, ſome medicines, which have proved extraordinary in curing many diſeaſes, viz.

A SYRUP AND POWDER, to cure the bloody-flux, and all ſorts of fluxes.

A SYRUP OF BALSAM, to cure all ſorts of coughs and colds.

ROYAL BALSAM, to cure wounds and bruiſes, and all ſorts of ſores.

BITTER TINCTURE, to ſtrengthen a weak ſtomach, help digeſtion, and cure a dizzineſs in the head.

ESSENCE OF TAR, to cure pleuriſies, fevers, ſprains, bruiſes, and many other diſorders, with directions how to uſe it; with its particular virtues, and certificates of cures, &c.

He has to ſell good Florence oil, by the flaſk; camphire; and a general aſſortment of MEDICINES.

The above prepared and ſold by GEORGE WEED, late Apothecary to the Pennſylvania Hoſpital, but now lives in Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe.

*** *That* Doctor GEORGE WEED, *living in Newtown township, was under the Inſtructions and Directions of a judicious Practitioner of Phyſic, in New-England, for ſome Years, is certified by me Oct.* 6, 1753. THOMAS LEWIS, V. D. M.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, living in Solebury, the Sixth Day of Twelfth-Month, 1772, a RED HEIFER, appears to be two years old laſt ſpring, marked with a halfpenny out of the under ſide of the near ear. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take her away. JOSHUA ELY, junior.

By AUTHORITY,

By the AMERICAN COMPANY,

At the THEATRE in SOUTHWARK, THIS EVENING, will be preſented, A COMEDY, called

THE SUSPICIOUS HUSBAND.

Ranger, by Mr. HALLAM,
Mr. Strickland, by Mr. DOUGLASS,
Frankly, by Mr. HENRY,
Bellamy, by Mr. PARKER,
Jack Meggot by Mr. WALL,
Teſter, by Mr. MORRIS,
Buckle, by Mr. WOOLLS,
Simon, by Mr. JOHNSON,
Mrs. Strickland, by Mrs. HENRY,
Jacintha, by Mrs. MORRIS,
Lucetta, by Miſs RICHARDSON,
Milliner, by Miſs STORER,
Landlady, by Mrs. HARMAN,
Maid, by Mrs. WALL,
Clarinda, by Miſs HALLAM.

To conclude with a COUNTRY DANCE *by the Characters.*

To which will be ADDED,

A MUSICAL ENTERTAINMENT, called

THOMAS AND SALLY;
OR, THE
SAILOR'S RETURN.

The Squire, by Mr. WOOLLS,
The Sailor, by Mr. HENRY,
Dorcas, by Mrs. HARMAN,
Sally, by Miſs HALLAM.

The Doors to be opened at Four, and the Play to begin exactly at Six o'Clock.---No Perſon, on any Account whatſoever, can poſſibly be admitted behind the Scenes.---Places in the Boxes may be taken at the Theatre.---Ladies and Gentlemen will pleaſe to ſend their Servants at Four o' Clock.----TICKETS, without which no Perſon can be admitted, are ſold at the Bar of the Coffee-houſe.

BOXES 7s. 6d. PIT 5s. GALLERY 3s.

THOMAS HARTLEY, from LONDON,

Living in Front-ſtreet, near Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia,

MAKES ladies STAYS, of all ſorts, to the greateſt perfection and elegance of ſhape, which, when fitted, will ſit eaſy, and diſguiſe a ſhape not entirely ſo. Orders from the country, and from Captains of veſſels, on the ſhorteſt notice, will be punctually ſupplied; and the ladies may depend on his utmoſt endeavours to pleaſe them in the neateſt manner, and on the moſt reaſonable terms.

TO BE SOLD,

A MERCHANT-MILL, in Potts-town, on an extraordinary ſtream of water, 37 miles from Philadelphia, on the great Manatawny road. There are few mills better ſituated, either for wheat, or an eaſy conveyance of flour to market, down the river Schuylkill, generally from February till May in the ſpring, and frequently in the ſummer and fall. The mill is large, and built of ſtone, has two water wheels, and three pair of ſtones, one pair of burrs, one pair of Cologne, and the other pair of country ſtones, is capable of making 4000 barrels of flour yearly, beſides country work, which is conſiderable. There are about 10 acres of meadow, 6 of which are made, a good ſaw-mill, cooper's ſhop, and ſtables, belonging to the premiſes. The purchaſer, on paying one half of the money down, may have time for the remainder, on paying intereſt, and giving ſecurity. For further information, apply to the ſubſcriber, in Philadelphia. DAVID POTTS. 6w.

Northampton, Bucks County, December 17, 1772.

To be SOLD by PUBLIC VENDUE,

on the ſecond day of January next, at the dwelling-houſe of the ſubſcriber, in the townſhip aforeſaid,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, or TRACT of LAND; bounded by land of Phineas Paxton, John Shaw, Thomas Worthington, and others; containing 150 acres in the whole, which may be divided into lots, to ſuit the purchaſers, about 6 acres of good meadow, 20 of woodland, well timbered, the remaining 124 acres are cleared, and the whole is under good fence; alſo a ſtone dwelling-houſe, a frame barn, and ſtables, &c. &c. The ſale to begin at ten o' clock in the forenoon, on the premiſes; where due attendance will be given, and the terms of ſale made known, by

JOSEPH ADDIS.

RUN AWAY from the ſubſcriber, living in Mill-creek Hundred, New-Caſtle County, an Iriſh ſervant MAN, named JAMES ADAMS; he is about 5 feet 7 inches high, has a ſwarthy complexion, full face, wide mouth, and grey eyes, with an uncommon white in them when he particularly looks at any object; had on, when he went away, a cloth coloured outſide jacket, with broad metal buttons, breeches of the ſame, an under jacket, of ſtriped worſted, much worn, black ſheep's wool ſtockings, a pair of ſhoes, almoſt new, a half-worn felt hat, bound round the edge with black binding, and an old coarſe ſhirt; he is knock-kneed, and very active in handling his knife and fork; he pretends a great deal to religion. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid ſervant, ſo that his maſter may have him again, may have FOUR DOLLARS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN JAMES. *December* 17.

Cheſter County, Twelfth-Month 14, 1772.

WAS taken away (ſuppoſed in a miſtake) on the 25th or 26th of laſt month, from the houſe of David Cowpland, Innkeeper, in Cheſter, a plain, light coloured, double-milled broadcloth GREAT COAT, of a large ſize, no cape on it, with two pockets in the inſide, in one of them was a cap, made of light coloured jean or fuſtian, with three buttons and holes; the perſon, who has it in poſſeſſion, is deſired to return it to the ſubſcriber, or to ſaid David Cowpland; but, if the coat be ſtolen, any perſon ſecuring it, ſo that the owner may have it again, and the thief, that he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall have FOUR DOLLARS reward, or for the coat only TWO DOLLARS, paid by THOMAS PIM.

N. B. There was an old plain coat left at ſaid Cowpland's.

December 4, 1772.

RUN away, laſt night, from the ſubſcriber, living near Charles-Town, Cæcil County, a ſervant man, named THOMAS SALTER, *country born, about 6 feet high, about 42 years of age, has a ſcar on his eye-lid; had on, when he went away, an old hat, an aſh-coloured boy's great coat, the button-holes bound with white cloth, with white metal buttons, a blue cloth jacket, a ſtriped linſey ditto, with blue ſtocking ſleeves, an aſh-coloured great coat, without buttons, old brown woollen trowſers, and old ſtriped ditto, new ſhoes, and blue grey ſtockings. Took with him a black Mare, her mane trimmed, and her tail ſhort and buſhy, has a white ſpot on one of her eyes, paces and hand-gallops, is about ſix years old, and 15 hands high; he alſo took a ſaddle, with blue houſings, having two yellow flowers on the corners, and a pair of black leather ſaddle-bags. Whoever ſecures the ſaid Runaway and Mare, ſo that the ſubſcriber may have them again, ſhall have* FIVE POUNDS *reward, or* THREE POUNDS *for the Mare only, and* FORTY SHILLINGS *for the runaway, and reaſonable charges, paid by* BENJAMIN MEVE.

N. B. The ſaid runaway wears black curled hair, has a ſtrong rough voice, and is addicted to drinking and card-playing. It is ſuppoſed he is gone towards Bethlehem, and may travel from thence towards Staten-Iſland or New-York.

Philadelphia, December 15, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, near this city, A SORREL HORSE, with a ſtar in his face, about 15 hands high, his hind legs ſwelled with wind-galls, has a buſhy ſwitch tail, ſhod all round, paces and trots, and about 9 or 10 years old. Whoever takes up ſaid horſe, and diſcovers the thief, ſhall have the above reward, or FORTY SHILLINGS for the HORSE, and reaſonable charges, paid by Mr. WILLIAM WEST, Merchant, in Philadelphia, or the ſubſcriber, at the INDIAN QUEEN. JOHN LITTLE.

WHEREAS I, William Chilcott, of Upper Saucon, in Northampton county, and province of Pennsylvania, gave two bonds to a certain James Carnahan, of Hempfield township, in Bedford county, and province aforesaid; both said bonds dated the 23d day of May last past; one for Ninety-nine Pounds, payable the 27th of November last past, and the other for One Hundred and Fourteen Pounds, payable on the 27th of November, 1773. And whereas the said James Carnahan then engaged to make out, and produce unto me, a free right to a certain Three Hundred Acres, in Hempfield township aforesaid, which he hath not done according to agreement. I do therefore hereby forewarn every person from taking an assignment on either of said bonds, as I shall not pay either of them, until the said James Carnahan has fulfilled his agreement, except I am compelled by law. Witness my hand, this 15th day of December, 1772. WILLIAM CHILCOTT. ¶

Philadelphia, December 19, 1772.

FIVE POUNDS Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN, out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Market-street, on the 4th instant, a black HORSE, 9 years old, and about 15 hands high, shod all round, paces and trots, has two small white scars on the right side of his nose, middling short rumped, short switch tail, and one of his hind feet white round the fetlock. Whoever takes up the said horse and thief, so that the owner may have the horse again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward of Five Pounds, and for the horse alone Fifty Shillings, and reasonable charges, paid by GEORGE SECKEL. ¶

THE LAWS AND VOTES,

Of the LAST SESSION of the GENERAL ASSEMBLY of NEW-JERSEY,

Are JUST PUBLISHED, and to be SOLD by

ISAAC COLLINS,

At his Printing-Office, in BURLINGTON. §

December 15, 1772.

TO BE SOLD, BY

COXE and FURMAN,

BOSTON MACKAREL, JAMAICA COFFEE, RAISINS in Kegs, JERSEY BEEF, BURLINGTON PORK, and PIPPIN APPLES. ¶

A COMPLEAT ELEGANT LARGE

BILLIARD TABLE,

MAHOGANY FRAME, TO BE SOLD.

FOR Terms apply to me, at the Sign of the Buck, on the Moyamensing Road, near Philadelphia,

¶ DANIEL GRANT.

CAME to the plantation of the subscriber, living in the township of Gwynedd, and county of Philadelphia, some time in November, 1772, Three CALVES, supposed to be about 6 or 7 months old; one a brindle, with a white face; one brown; and the other black. The owner is desired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take them away.

¶ THOMAS EVANS.

To be SOLD, or LETT for a term of years, on reasonable terms, and may be entered on the 25th of March next,

A MESSUAGE or TENEMENT, and TRACT of LAND, containing about 60 ACRES, situate in Lower Chichester township, in the county of Chester, on the great road leading from Philadelphia to New-Castle, which has been a noted Tavern for many years past, and is now kept as such, known by the Sign of the Horse and Groom; there are near 20 acres of good meadow, a good old orchard, and a young one, of grafted fruit, lately planted, and a few acres of good timber land on the premises; there are also a good barn, stable, and sheds, suitable for that business; the place runs down to the river Delaware, in the town of Marcus-Hook, and has a fine front, and commands a beautiful prospect on the river.

Also to be sold, or lett, another messuage, and large brick malthouse, in good repair, with about an acre of ground thereto belonging, situate in Chichester aforesaid, about half a mile above the town of Marcus-Hook, on the great road leading from thence back to the country, with a good pump, and other conveniencies for the malting business. For terms, enquire of the subscriber, living in the town of Chester. ELISHA PRICE ¶ 4w.

LATELY IMPORTED, BY

JAMES BRINGHURST,

From various parts of Great-Britain, and to be sold at his Warehouse in the Bank, on Front and Water-streets, below Walnut-street,

A LARGE and general assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, Japanned Ware, &c. &c. To enumerate the particulars would require too much room for a publication in this paper.

Also sheet glass, in crates; window glass, of various sizes, in boxes; diamonds for cutting glass; and a general assortment of painters colours, either dry or ground in oil; linseed oil, by the barrel, or smaller quantity; gold leaf, Dutch leaf, &c. &c. grindstones, of various sizes; likewise some of the best Gloucester cheese.---A quantity of Clover-Seed to dispose of. ¶

Just imported from LONDON, and to be SOLD by

DAVID SHAKESPEAR,

At Mr. SAMUEL DAVIS's, Hatter, the corner of Church-alley, In Third-street, Philadelphia,

ALL kinds of RIBBONS, which he will sell, for cash, at 65 per cent. on the sterling cost; also sundry other Dry Goods; Hardware, Jewellery, &c. and as he purposes to continue importing to sell by wholesale only, he hopes that the small advance put on them will recommend him to the custom of the city and country shopkeepers; which favour he will gratefully acknowledge. ¶

Philadelphia, October 30, 1772.

SIX POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN out of the pasture of the subscriber, living in Second-street, last night, a dark brown MARE, about 14 hands high, and about 8 years old; she hath neither brand nor ear-mark, but has had a lump under her near shoulder, which, however, is now so far gone that it is not observed, but by the skin being looser at that place than the rest. She is a genteel creature, and a natural pacer. Whoever takes up the said mare and thief, so that the owner may have the mare again, and the thief brought to justice, shall have the above reward of SIX POUNDS, and for the mare alone THREE POUNDS, and reasonable charges, paid by me GEORGE SLEEPER. *Tf.*

CHINA, GLASS, and LIVERPOOL WARES,

Of all Kinds, in Boxes, Hogsheads, and Crates,

VARIOUSLY ASSORTED, Now selling by the IMPORTER,

JOSEPH STANSBURY,

Opposite CHRIST'S CHURCH, in Second-street. *T.h.c.t.f.*

STRAYED or STOLEN, but supposed to be stolen, from the subscriber, living in Duck-creek Hundred, in Kent county, on Delaware, August 26, 1772, a black HORSE, about 9 or 10 years old, natural trotter, shod before, but the shoes almost worn, no ear-mark nor brand, but hath a remarkable white ring about each of his ears, also if closely examined a little white ring on his near side, and a little white on his off hind foot, with a black spot in it, about 15 hands high. Whoever takes up said horse and thief, so that the thief be brought to justice, and the horse to the owner, shall have FORTY DOLLARS reward, and for the horse only, TWENTY DOLLARS, and charges, paid by me JAMES DICKINSON. 18W.

To be SOLD, by way of public VENDUE,

On Tuesday, the 29th of December instant,

ABOUT One Hundred and Thirty ACRES of LAND, situate and being in Leacock township, in the county of Lancaster, part of the plantation and lands late of Andrew Caldwell, deceased; to be taken off the east end of the 285 acre tract, known by the name of the Hat-Tavern, adjoining the lands of William Brisben, and Robert Young, and as nearly parallel with their line as can be, so as to include a small spring, which lies at about two perches southward of the great road. The said sale will be held on the premises, where attendance will be given, by JANE CALDWELL, Administratrix, and ANDREW CALDWELL, Administrator, &c. of the said Andrew Caldwell, deceased. The vendue to begin at 10 o'clock in the forenoon.

By order of the Orphan's Court in and for the county of Lancaster aforesaid, EDWARD SHIPPEN, Clerk. ¶

Lancaster, Dec. 8, 1772.

NOTICE is hereby given, to all Persons indebted, by Bond, Note, Book-account, or Groundrents, to John Miller, late of the Borough of Lancaster, Inn-keeper and Blacksmith, deceased, that they come and make Payment forthwith; and those who have any Demands against the said Estate, are requested to bring in their Accounts, to JOHN HUBLEY, and CHRISTOPHER HAINEY, Administrators. *Dec.* 10. 3*M.*

Dumfries, Virginia, November 17, 1772.

RUN away from Baltimore, in Maryland, about the 6th instant, a convict servant man, named THOMAS BOWLING, he is a likely well made fellow, about 5 feet 10 or 11 inches high, short dark brown hair, a little inclining to curl, about 25 years of age, an Irishman born, and retains the brogue peculiar to most of his country, is very talkative, especially when in drink, which he is much subject to, he has been about 12 months in the country, and been employed in tobacco craft, therefore it is imagined he will endeavour to get off in some vessel, or cross the country to Philadelphia; he went round from hence in the Molly and Betsey, Captain Jackson, and took with him three or four shirts, of different sorts, a coat and waistcoat, of mixed brown broadcloth, one blue fearnought, and one green frize jacket, both with sleeves, horn buttons, and without lining, blue cloth breeches, tarred ozenbrigs trowsers, and sundry other clothes; he has a discharge from the vessel, signed by Iric Hair, clerk to Mr. M'Gachen, of Baltimore. Any person who will secure said servant in goal, so that I get him again, shall have FIVE POUNDS reward, and if delivered to me in Dumfries, shall be paid TEN POUNDS, Virginia currency, by RIGINALD GRAHAM.

SAMUEL MILES requests all persons indebted to him, either on bond, note, or book, to pay the same before the first of January next, and those, who do not comply, may expect to be sued, without any further notice. Said *Miles* has for sale, a very valuable plantation, in Tredyffrin township, Chester county; also a plantation in Berks county, on which there has been a public house of entertainment kept, for many years past; likewise sundry tracts of excellent land in Northumberland county, which he would either sell or lease, on reasonable terms. *Philadelphia, November* 14, 1772. 4 W.

To be SOLD, at private SALE,

A LOT of GROUND, situate on the west side of Front-street, about 60 feet to the northward of Sassafras-street, containing in front, 20 feet, and in depth 102 feet, has a 6 feet alley at the end thereof, running into Sassafras-street. On this lot are four tenements, each two stories high, and a pump of good water in the yard, which belongs to this and the adjoining lot.---The whole rents at present for £ 52 per annum, and is subject to a groundrent of £ 3:5:0, currency. One half the purchase-money to be paid at executing the deeds, the remainder in 12 months, giving security and paying interest. Apply to THOMAS BOUDE, in the Northern Liberties, or to MATTHEW CLARKSON, Notary Public.

Philadelphia, December 9, 1772.

PUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given, That, in Pursuance of an Act of Parliament, intituled, *An Act for vesting certain Estates in Pennsylvania, New-Jersey and Maryland, belonging to the Proprietors of a Partnership, commonly called The Pennsylvania Land Company, in London, in Trustees, to be sold, and for other Purposes therein mentioned*, on the tenth Day of June next, at eight o'Clock in the Morning, will be exposed to Sale, to the highest and best Bidder, by Public Cant or Auction, at the Old Ferry-house, kept by JOHN HYDER, in Water-street, between Market and Mulberry-streets, in this City, the following PLANTATIONS or Tracts of LAND, in Mispillion Hundred, in the County of Kent, viz.

A Plantation or Tract of Land, containing about 450 Acres, in Possession of William Carpenter.

A Tract, containing about 14 Acres, in Possession of the Heirs of Christopher Sipple.

A Tract, containing about 115 Acres, in Possession of the Heirs of Benjamin Brown.

A Tract, containing about 99 Acres, in Possession of Edward Cox.

A Tract, containing about 89 Acres, in Possession of Moses Clampit.

A Tract, containing about 123 Acres, in Possession of James Craig.

A Tract, containing about 122 Acres, in Possession of Nahur Goddin.

A Tract, containing about 148 Acres, in Possession of Turbeth Cottenham.

A Tract, containing about 71 Acres, in Possession of William Barker.

A Tract, containing about 130 Acres, in Possession of William Barber.

A Tract, containing about 109 Acres, in Possession of Henry Sap.

A Tract, containing about 88 Acres, in Possession of Thomas and Mary Williams.

A Tract, containing about 488 Acres, in Possession of Alexander M'Donald.

A Tract, containing about 8 Acres, in Possession of Edward Elliot.

A Tract, containing about 8 Acres, in Possession of Phineas Banning.

A Tract, containing about 47 Acres, in Possession of Joseph Calloway, And,

A Tract, containing about 153 Acres, in Possession of Thomas Barker.

Persons desiring further Information respecting the Premises, are desired to apply to the Subscribers, in this City.

JACOB COOPER,
SAMUEL SHOEMAKER,
JOSHUA HOWELL, } ATTORNIES of the Trustees.

St. George's Hundred, New-Castle County, Nov. 2, 1772.

TO BE RENTED,

And may be entered on in April next,

THAT noted INN and PLANTATION, of 245 acres of land, known by the name of Bird's Tavern; the building is all in good order for carrying on said business, except a new stable, which will be built early in the spring; but as the place is so well known, nothing need be said to recommend it. Therefore any person that chuses to rent it, and can be well recommended, may, for terms, apply to

JOHN HYATT, of Mount-pleasant.

N.B. If the renter chuses, he may have some good timothy and clover meadow, within two miles of said plantation. ¶ 7/6

TO BE SOLD, at the ORIGINAL COST,

On Account of the MANUFACTURERS, by

CARSAN, BARCLAY, and MITCHELL,

THIRTY Pieces of superfine and coarse Broadcloths, and Twenty Pieces of Duffils and Coatings; also Linen and Sail Canvas, an Assortment of Woollen and Linen Goods, Cottons, Calicoes, &c. &c.

WANTS A FREIGHT, to any Part of Europe, A good stout VESSEL, now lying at Baltimore, will carry about 1800 Barrels, apply to SAMUEL SAM CARSAN, & Co. at Baltimore, or to CARSAN, BARCLAY, and MITCHELL. 5w.

This Day is published, and sold by R. AITKEN, Bookseller, opposite the London Coffee-house, in Front-street, Philadelphia,

AITKEN's GENERAL AMERICAN REGISTER, and the GENTLEMAN's and TRADESMAN's complete ANNUAL ACCOUNT BOOK, and CALENDAR, for the POCKET or DESK; for the Year of our Lord, 1773.

The Contents of the Annual Account Book and Calendar.

Fifty-two double pages, ruled, for entering the receipts and payments of money; spaces for daily memorandums; the age, place, rising, setting, southing, full and change of the moon, and place of her nodes; the sun's rising and setting; aspects of the planets; rising and setting of the stars; immersions and emersions of Jupiter's satellites; remarkable days, general tide table for America, &c.

Of the General American Register.

A table of the kings and queens of England; Genealogical list of the royal family of Great-Britain; The number of peers, peeresses in their own right, archbishops and bishops in England, Scotland and Ireland; Kings of Scotland, and the time they began to reign; Lord lieutenants of Ireland since the union; His majesty's consuls abroad for the protection of trade; Births, marriages and issue of the sovereign princes of Europe; A concise chronological account of events in America, from the first discovery thereof; General and civil establishment of North-America; Establishment of the customs for the continent, the Bermuda and Bahama Islands; The staff of the army, general post-office; Rank of the navy and army; His majesty's order concerning the power of the civil governors over his forces in America; Rules for determining the rank and precedence to be observed between the officers of the army and the civil government, &c. *Public Officers, &c.* in Pennsylvania, New-Castle, Kent and Sussex, Maryland, New-Jersey, New-York, Rhode-Island, Connecticut, Massachusetts-Bay, New-Hampshire, Nova-Scotia, Newfoundland, Saint-John's Island, Canada, Virginia, North-Carolina, South-Carolina, Georgia, East-Florida, and West-Florida. 4 W.

December 7, 1772.

RUN away, on Sunday, the 6th instant, from the subscriber, living in Gloucester county, an Irish servant man, named JOHN MOORE, about 5 feet 10 inches high, between 18 and 19 years of age, of a brownish complexion, has long black hair, clubbed, stammers in his speech, and has a large flesh mole in the corner of his left eye; had on, when he went away, a lightish brown upper cloth jacket, with cuffs, a red and white striped under jacket, with lappels, and without sleeves, an old lightish coloured surtout, a pair of old leather breeches, new seated, the left knee of which was much too short, blue grey yarn stockings, calf-skin shoes, with odd buckles in them, and a new felt hat. Whoever takes up and secures the above servant, so that his master shall get him again, or brings him to JOHN HIDER, senior, at the Old Ferry-house, Philadelphia, shall have FIVE POUNDS reward, and reasonable charges, paid by JOHN HIDER, junior.

N. B. *All masters of vessels are forbid to carry him off, at their peril.* I

New-Castle, November 26, 1772.

WAS STOLEN, out of Mr. John Vangezell's pasture, near New-Castle, on Wednesday night, the 4th instant, a black Horse, about 13¼ hands high, shod before (his shoes, if any on, are very bad) but not behind, long mane, of a rusty or sunburnt colour, hanging on his off side, short switch tail, trots and paces at pleasure, supposed about ten years old, hath a remarkable lump on his near cheek bone, which seems to create uneasiness in chewing any kind of grain. Whoever secures said Horse, and sends him home to me, in New-Castle, shall receive FOUR DOLLARS, and reasonable charges, paid by

¶ BENJAMIN VANGEZELL.

THE Vestry of *St. George's* Parish,

in *Baltimore* County, desire to inform any CLERGYMAN of the CHURCH of ENGLAND, who may incline to engage in discharging the Office of a Curate, That they will give him yearly THE SUM OF ONE HUNDRED POUNDS, Currency; and that they doubt not but the Parishioners will, by ready Subscription, increase that Sum, in Proportion as, on Trial, he shall give Satisfaction. ¶6w.

Imported on the most advantageous terms, and now for sale at the *Warehouse* of

JONATHAN ZANE and SONS,

At the Sign of the Handsaw, in Second-street, between Market and Chesnut-streets, Philadelphia,

A NEAT and very large assortment of *Iron-mongery, Saddlery,* and *Brass-wares*, consisting of a great variety of sizes, patterns and prices, too numerous for a news-paper, together with the following articles, viz.---Pewter dishes, plates, spoons, tankards, bed and close-stool pans, powder, shot, and bar lead, allom, copperas, roll and flour brimstone, magnet, red and white lead, Venetian red, Spanish brown and whiting, yellow oker, verdegrease, vermilion, umber, Prussian blues, antimony, salt-petre, madder, ground redwood, braziletto, logwood, fustick, argol, galls, English and American glew, camphire, mace, cloves, cinnamon, aloes, linseed oil, slates and pencils, writing and sheathing paper, ink-powder, English quills, Dilworth's spelling-books, 4 and 4½ lb. pins; Indian meal, sand, milk and punch sieves; wheat and oat riddles, and wheat sieves; twine, bed cords, laces, plow and jack lines, sacking-bottoms, oil and black flints, Benleather seals, wool combs and hitchells, house and horse bells; 6 by 8, 7 by 9, and 8 by 10, Bristol crown glass; surveyors chains; American red clover and timothy grass seeds, &c. &c. &c. 6 W.

TWENTY POUNDS Reward.

RUN away from the subscribers, on Elk-Ridge, in Anne-Arundel county, Maryland, November 9, 1772, two convict servant men, viz. JAMES FIELD, by trade a Taylor, is about 22 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, is of a fair complexion, and has short light coloured hair. WILLIAM HAWK, of a swarthy complexion, has black eyes, short black hair, and is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high: Had on, and took with them, a light coloured red German-serge coat, a dark bearskin frock, with white metal buttons, a pair of blue sergedenim breeches, a pair of snuff coloured broadcloth ditto, with gold basket buttons, an old castor hat, a new furred ditto, two fine white shirts, and sundry other things unknown. It is supposed they have also taken with them two horses, one of them a dark bay, about 14 hands high, six years old, well gaited, and is branded on the near shoulder E. I. The other is a bright sorrel, with a blaze face, about 13½ hands high, six years old, and is branded on the near shoulder O. Whoever apprehends and secures said servants, so that the subscribers may get them again, shall have EIGHT POUNDS for each, and FORTY SHILLINGS for each of the horses. WILLIAM SELMAN, JOHN SHIPLEY. ¶ 3*M.*

PHILADELPHIA: Printed by DAVID HALL, and WILLIAM SELLERS, at the NEW PRINTING-OFFICE, near the *Market.*

Philadelphia, Twelfth-Month 9, 1772.

INDIGO, madder, logwood, braziletto, ground red-wood and fuſtick, allom, copperas, brimſtone and ſalt-petre, ſhot and bar lead; ſingle refined loaf, lump, and muſcovado ſugars; rice, coffee, chocolate and tea; nutmegs, cloves, mace, cinnamon, pepper, allſpice and ginger; Weſton's and this country ſnuff; timothy and clover ſeeds; a few bales of excellent cotton; Crumb-creek, Engliſh rag, and grind-ſtones; bottling corks, in ſmall bags, or by a ſingle groce; and divers other articles, to be ſold by

BENEDICT DORSEY,
In Third-ſtreet, nearly oppoſite the Work-houſe. ¶

ROBERT COUPAR,
At his Shop, in Second-ſtreet, the 3d Door below Market-ſtreet, oppoſite the Friends Meeting-houſe,

HATH for Sale, a neat Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, which he will ſell on the loweſt Terms; among which are, a neat Aſſortment of Ladies rich Sattin and Brocade Shoes, of all Colours; Stuff Shoes, of all Prices; Girls Ditto; a neat Aſſortment of Scoten Kantings, and fancy Gauzes. ¶

ISAAC BARTRAM,

HAVING cloſed his partnerſhip with MOSES BARTRAM, is now moved into Third-ſtreet, between Market and Arch-ſtreets, two doors below the Sign of the Bunch of Grapes, and oppoſite RICHARD HOCKLEY, Eſq; where he has erected ſuitable conveniences for carrying on the DRUGGIST and APOTHECARY's Buſineſs, in a large and extenſive manner; and has now for ſale, a large aſſortment of DRUGS, chymical and galenical MEDICINES, of the freſheſt and beſt kinds, imported from London, in Captain Oſborne, and are to be ſold, wholeſale or retail, at the loweſt prices. Among a variety of Drugs, he has a general aſſortment of Patent Medicines, imported from the original Warehouſes, ſuch as Turlington's balſam of life, Britiſh oil, Bateman's drops, Faunces's female elixir, Walker's Jeſuits drops, James's fever powders, Anderſon's, Lockyer's, and Hooper's female pills, Greenough's tincture for the teeth and gums, elixir balſamicum, Godfrey's cordial, &c. ſaffron, antimony, flour of ſulphur, cream of tartar, Epſom and glauber ſalts, green and white phials, in ſorts, nipple ſhells, and glaſſes with crooked pipes, furniture for Doctors ſhops, pocket inſtruments, and lancets, three in a caſe, crooked needles, in ſhagreen cafes, Pruſſian blue, white lead, red lead, black lead, prepared for ſtoves, Frankford and ivory black, Venetian red, yellow oker, vermilion, rotten ſtone, and a variety of water colours.

ISAAC BARTRAM further informs his Friends, that due attendance will be given, at all hours, at his MEDICINAL STORE, in Third-ſtreet; where orders will be received from Phyſicians and Store-keepers, and will be faithfully executed, on the ſhorteſt notice; alſo preſcriptions will be made up for Phyſicians, or for family uſe, in the moſt ſafe and careful manner. ¶

JAMES POUPARD,
ENGRAVER, JEWELLER, and GOLDSMITH,
FROM LONDON,

BEGS Leave to inform the PUBLIC, that he hath opened SHOP, in Front-ſtreet, two doors from Cheſtnut-ſtreet, on the bank ſide; where he intends to follow his buſineſs, in its ſeveral branches---MAKES and SELLS all ſorts of Jeweller's and Goldſmith's work in general, in the neateſt and neweſt faſhions, and at the moſt reaſonable rates; engraves all ſorts of ſilver and copper plates; alſo arms, creſts, cyphers, &c. on ſeals, in gold, ſilver, copper, or ſteel; likewiſe makes and engraves mourning rings, with the utmoſt expedition; alſo tips, in the neateſt manner, in gold or ſilver. He gives the utmoſt value for old gold and ſilver. †

LUDWIG LAUMAN, of Lancaſter,

TAKES this opportunity of acquainting the PUBLIC in general, and his Friends and Cuſtomers in particular, that he has removed to his new houſe, built by the late John Cameron, adjoining to the houſe in which ſaid Cameron formerly kept his ſtore; where he has juſt opened a freſh and quite new aſſortment of European and Eaſt-India GOODS, which he will ſell on the very loweſt terms; he hath alſo a quantity of ſuperfine, fine, middling, and coarſe boulting-cloths, which he will likewiſe ſell very cheap. He thinks it unneceſſary to particularize his goods, as it is well known that he always keeps the greateſt and moſt compleat aſſortment in the place; and that he ſells them at the loweſt prices, is likewiſe very well known, to the ſatisfaction of all his CUSTOMERS; and thoſe who have not yet experienced it, may eaſily acquaint themſelves, by trial; as his utmoſt endeavour ſhall be exerted to give general ſatisfaction, he therefore flatters himſelf, that he will meet with the encouragement of the public. ¶ 3*M.*

TO BE SOLD,

A PLANTATION, containing 400 acres, ſituate and lying in Chanceford townſhip, York county, in Pennſylvania, a few miles from ſeveral Ferries on Sasquehanna, where there is a good market for grain, 20 miles from York-town, 16 miles from Lancaſter-town, on the road that leads from Lancaſter to Baltimore-town, and from York-town to Nelſon's Ferry, a few miles from ſeveral merchant mills; the whole of ſaid plantation is good land, ſuitable for farming, and is well watered and timbered. On ſaid plantation are a dwelling-houſe, two ſtories high, good double barn and ſtables, good orchard, and a quantity of timothy meadow, 160 acres of clear land, under good fence. Whoever inclines to purchaſe ſaid plantation, may know the terms, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes, who will make a clear deed for the ſame,

¶ FRANCIS HOULTON.

CAME to the ſhed of the ſubſcriber, at the Sign of the White Horſe, on Lancaſter road, in East-Whiteland, Cheſter county, the beginning of November laſt, a ſmall grey HORSE, about ſix years old, ſhod all round, ſome ſaddle marks. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away. JOHN KERLIN. ¶

THREE POUNDS Reward.

STOLEN or STRAYED, from the ſubſcriber, living near the Widow Cumming's Tavern, in Weſt Nottingham, Cheſter county, on the 23d of October laſt, a black HORSE, about 14 hands high, and about 10 years old, with a bald face, the white coming over his near eye, 3 white feet, a thin mane, with a little ſlit in one of his ears, ſhod before, paces and trots, but paces moſt, eaſy to catch, but apt to break fences. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſe, and brings him to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have TEN SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges; but if ſtolen, the above reward for horſe and thief, provided he can be brought to juſtice, paid by

¶ *GEORGE BRIGGS.*

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the ſubſcriber, on Wedneſday night laſt, a black HORSE, 3 years old, about 14 hands high, a natural pacer, ſhod before, his fore feet appear remarkably ſmall, occaſioned by a ſwelling between the hoof and fetlocks, his mane had been (what is called) hogged, but now grown ſo as to turn over a little to the off ſide. Whoever takes up the ſaid horſe, and brings him to the ſubſcriber, or to Mr. JAMES DOUGLASS, in Saliſbury townſhip, Lancaſter county, near Pequea creek, ſhall receive TWENTY SHILLINGS, and reaſonable expences, from JOHN DOUGLASS, junior.

¶ *September* 22, 1772.

To be SOLD, by the SUBSCRIBER,

A VALUABLE plantation, in Colerain townſhip, Lancaſter county, containing 343 acres, and the uſual allowances; whereon are a good dwelling-houſe, barn and ſtables; 100 acres cleared, all in good repair; there are 30 acres of fall crop in the ground, 15 acres of good timothy and clover meadow, well watered, and there may be 50 acres more made, at a ſmall expence, as there is a large ſtream of water that ſtands in the drieſt ſeaſons; there is a ſpring of very good water, very convenient to the houſe; together with a young orchard, of 200 good trees, that bear well; there might be a ſaw or fulling-mill erected at a ſmall expence, and there is a neceſſity for a fulling-mill, as there is none nigh it. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe ſaid place, may be further informed, by applying to the ſubſcriber, living on the premiſes. JAMES ROSS.

N. B. Was dropt, November 4, 1772, between New-London Croſs-roads and Francis Modral's Tavern, a Silver Watch, with a China face, ſteel chain, and a flat ſteel ſeal, the number not certainly remembered; maker's name ſuppoſed to be Charles Reynolds, the chryſtal broke at the hinges, and the hinges of the chryſtal caſe broke, hard to be diſcerned, if not looked ſharply at, a paper in the ou ſide caſe, whereon was a name written on both ſides of it, Ralph Pendry. Whoever finds ſaid watch, and ſecures it for the ſubſcriber, ſhall have a reward of Twenty Shillings, JAMES ROSS. ¶ 7ſ6.

Philadelphia, December 1, 1772.

Qui Viſum Vitam Dat.

Homines ad Deos nullâ Re propiùs accedunt, quàm Salutem Hominibus dando. CIC.

THE infinitely wiſe Author of Nature has aſſigned to the EYES and EARS the moſt uſeful and important Offices of Life: The Structure of thoſe delicately tender Organs, is ſo exquiſitely minute, the Mechaniſm and Properties of their various Parts ſo admirably curious, that they may be ſtiled, with Propriety, the Miracles of Nature. The great Variety of Dangers and Diſeaſes, manifeſt and occult, to which thoſe precious Senſes are expoſed; the little Attention that hitherto has been paid to the Improvement of this noble Science; and ſo few, properly qualified, have engaged in its Practice, that to ſtudy them in any Degree ſuitable to their Importance, is full Buſineſs for Life.

The ineſtimable Bleſſing, and great Advantages, which attend a perfect Enjoyment of the Sight and Hearing, are obvious to all; but the deplorable and truly pitiable Condition of the Blind and Deaf, is attended with ſuch ſolitary Diſcomfort, ſuch gloomy Ideas, and conſtant Uneaſineſs of Mind, as no one can be truly ſenſible of, who has not, in ſome Meaſure, experienced it himſelf.-----How noble therefore, how deſerving of the niceſt Cultivation muſt that Art be, that can reſtore Sight to the Blind, Hearing to the Deaf, Speech to the Dumb, and keep in Order the Springs of thoſe Maſter-pieces of creative Wiſdom! That Art muſt needs be divine, becauſe, thus aſſiſted, our Minds are inſpired with the grandeſt Apprehenſions of Almighty GOD!

To the INHABITANTS *of* BRITISH AMERICA,

DR. GRAHAM, *Oculiſt* and *Auriſt*,

MOST reſpectfully offers his beſt Services, and acquaints them, that he may be conſulted at his Houſe, the Corner of *Fifth* and *Market-Streets*, in all Diſorders of the EYE, and its Appendages; and in every Species of Deafneſs, Hardneſs of Hearing, Ulcerations, Noiſe in the Ears, &c. Thoſe Perſons who have had the unſpeakable Misfortune of being born deaf and dumb, and thoſe who labour under any Impediment in their Speech, by applying perſonally, will probably be aſſiſted. Thoſe Perſons likewiſe, whoſe Eyes are utterly periſhed, or ſunk in their Heads, may have the Deformity removed by artificial Eyes, ſo curiouſly fixed and adapted to the Orbits, as to have, in Appearance, the Beauties, Motion, &c. of a natural Eye, in its healthy State.

Medicine and Surgery have always been his favourite Study; but the Structure and Diſeaſes of thoſe tender, ſympathetic, and nearly connected Organs, to which Nature has aſſigned the moſt important Offices of Life, have for many Years particularly engaged his Attention and Practice; whence, regardleſs of vague conjectural Hypotheſes, he hath deduced, on rational Principles, Methods of Cure, improved and confirmed by the moſt accurate Obſervations in a Courſe of Practice, the moſt extenſive, and, perhaps, the moſt ſucceſsful of any of his Cotemporaries in *Europe*, or on this vaſt Continent.

The candid and intelligent Inhabitants of theſe Parts of the *Britiſh* Colonies can readily diſtinguiſh true Merit from pretended Knowledge: To conciliate therefore their Favour, Doctor *Graham* begs Leave to aſſure them, that, with Tenderneſs and Moderation, even to the pooreſt Individual, his beſt Abilities ſhall at all Times be exerted to ſerve them; and as the Succeſs, which attends his Practice, is a better Teſtimony of his Skill, than any Thing he might advance in his own Behalf, let it ſuffice only to mention that, after ſeveral Years Study at the juſtly celebrated Univerſity of *Edinburgh*, he has travelled in Purſuit of Knowledge, in his favourite Branches, attending the Infirmaries and Hoſpitals, as well as the Lectures of the moſt eminent Profeſſors in *Europe*.------Since his Arrival in this City, in *November* 1771, upwards of Five Hundred Patients have been cured or relieved of the following Diſorders, many of which had been of long ſtanding, and deemed incurable by other Practitioners, even by Gentlemen, who otherwiſe do Honour to the Profeſſion, the Succeſs attending their Practice ſufficiently evincing, that they are worthy and capable of the great, the important Charge, with which they are entruſted. The chief Diſorders are as follow, *viz.* Total, partial and periodical Blindneſs; Weakneſs and Dimneſs of Sight; Squinting; Pain, Swelling and Inflammation of the Eyes; Spots, Specks, Pearls or Films, occaſioned by the Small-pox, Blows, or extraneous Subſtances; weak, watry, red, ſpongy and ulcerated Eye-lids; falling off of the Hairs of the Eye-laſhes; ſpaſmodic Twitchings of the Muſcles; involuntary Weeping of the Tears; Tumours and Excreſſences; *Fiſtulæ lachrymales*.---Total and periodical Deafneſs; Thickneſs of Hearing; Pain and Inflammations; painful Senſations, in Conſequence of loud Sounds; cracking, itching, continual and remitting Noiſes in the Ears; offenſive Runnings, occaſioned by Colds, Swelling, Swimming, Picking, and improper Applications, or by long and ſevere Sickneſſes; Inſects and extraneous Bodies getting into the Ears; Ulcerations, with Caries of the Bones, *Polypi*, &c. and ſeveral Perſons born deaf and dumb, who have made very conſiderable Advances in Speaking and Hearing, inſomuch that perfect Cures will probably be effected.

The *Doctor* purpoſes to leave this City in the Beginning of *May*, 1773. Thoſe, therefore, who have Occaſion for his Aſſiſtance, are deſired to apply as ſoon as poſſible.

*** The POOR, who apply properly recommended, will be aſſiſted *gratis*, with Advice, Medicines, and manual Operations, as their reſpective Caſes may require; and for that Purpoſe he will appropriate every Morning, *Sundays* excepted, between the Hours of Seven and Nine o' Clock.

TO THE PUBLIC.

JOHN WILSON,
At the Academy in Newark, New-Caſtle County; has opened
A NIGHT-SCHOOL,

WHERE can be taught, Engliſh reading and writing, with propriety and elegance, geography, chronology, arithmetic, book-keeping, geometry, the conſtruction of logarithms, plain and ſpherical trigonometry, menſuration of ſuperficies and ſolids, gauging, dialling, fortification, architecture, navigation, ſurveying, the projection of the ſphere, the uſe of the globes, conic ſections, gunnery, algebra, the theory of pendulums, fluxions, &c. &c. by JOHN WILSON.

*** A young Man, well acquainted with the Engliſh tongue, might have a courſe of mathematical education, for attending ſome of the lower claſſes, in the Day-ſchool, which ſaid *Wilſon* continues, at the ſame place, as uſual. ¶

DAVID PINE,
CLOCK and WATCH-MAKER,

BEGS Leave to inform the Public, that he carries on the Buſineſs of Clock and Watch-making, in the Village of Straſburg, in Lancaſter County, at the Houſe of Everard Gruber, Eſq; where he makes and repairs all Kinds of Clocks and Watches, &c. &c. with Fidelity and Accuracy, at the reaſonableſt Rates. All Gentlemen and Ladies, who will be pleaſed to favour him with their Cuſtom, may depend upon his faithful Attendance, and ſtrict Compliance with their Commands, by their moſt humble Servant, DAVID PINE. ¶

New-Caſtle County, November 25, 1772.

The SUBSCRIBER takes this Method of informing his Friends, and the Public in general,

THAT he carries on the HATTER's BUSINESS, in all its various Branches, oppoſite George Hillier's Tavern, Chriſtiana Bridge, where all thoſe, who will pleaſe to favour him with their cuſtom, may depend on being ſerved in the beſt Manner, and on as reaſonable Terms as in the City of Philadelphia, and their Favours gratefully acknowledged, by their Friend,

JOEL LEWIS.

N. B. He gives the higheſt Price for Furs of all Sorts. ¶

ALL Perſons having any Demands againſt the Eſtate of Mr. JOHN WILCOCKS, late Enſign in the 18th Regiment, are requeſted to bring in their Accounts to

Tbc. 6 w. FRANCIS HOPKINSON, Executor.

CAME to the ſubſcriber a young Engliſh or Iriſhman, and offered a ſorrel HORSE, with Saddle and Bridle, very cheap, for ſale; and when the ſubſcriber told him, that he thought he had ſtolen the horſe, he changed the colour of his face, and went off, leaving the horſe. Said horſe is 13 hands high, paces, and is about 12 years old. Whoever can prove his property to ſaid horſe, may have him again (paying charges) in Berks county, ſeven miles below Reading, on the road leading to Philadelphia. ABRAHAM STINE. ¶

Blockley townſhip, Philadelphia county, December 2, 1772.

RUN AWAY *yeſterday, from the ſubſcriber, a ſervant man, named* DANIEL M'GUIGIN, *born in Ireland, by trade a Weaver, about* 30 *years of age, dark complexion, curled hair, down look, and is about* 5 *feet* 8 *inches high; had on a brown coat and jacket, black breeches, patched ſhoes, and a felt hat: He is ſuppoſed to be gone in company with a certain* William M'Cowan *and* Patrick Lawſon, *to Catapſco Neck, in Maryland. Whoever takes up the ſaid ſervant, and ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo as his maſter may have him again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by* AARON HALL. ¶

FORTY SHILLINGS Reward.

STOLEN out of the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, living in Amity townſhip, Berks county, in the night of the 26th of November, 1772, a BAY MARE, 8 or 9 years old, near 15 hands high, has a ſtar in her forehead, and a ſmall ſnip on her noſe, has no brand nor ear-mark, is ſhod before, paces natural, has a large mane and fore-top. Any perſon ſecuring the above deſcribed mare, and giving notice to the ſubſcriber, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, if brought home, paid by JUDITH JONES. ¶

Juſt imported in the ſhip Betſey, Captain Hood, from Briſtol and to be ſold by

TIMOTHY BERRETT,

In Arch-ſtreet, between Second and Third-ſtreets, a neat aſſortment of PLATED WORK, JEWELLERY and HARD WARE, conſiſting of

PLATED tea urns, coffee-pots, cadors and cruet-frames, waiters from 7 to 18 inches, bread-baſkets, candleſticks, ſalts, ſhoe and knee-buckles. Foilſtone and paſte threaded ſhoe, knee and ſtock-buckles; foilſtone ſolitaire ditto ear-rings, ſtay-hooks, hair pins; paſte ear-rings, marquiſate, garnet, pearl, coe de pearl, with drops, creſcent, with and without knots, ditto; marquiſate fancy hair pins; foilſtone, mocoa, garnet and twiſted gold rings; gold, garnet and foilſtone lockets; ſilver, gilt, plated and ſhagreen inſtrument caſes; ladies gilt watch chains, ſeals and keys; gilt ſhoe and knee-buckles, lockets, broaches; beſt and common Pinchbeck buckles, ſteel ſhoe-buckles, watch chains, ſeals and keys; enamelled gilt mounted ſnuff-boxes and ſleeve-buttons; Plated, green ivory, camwood and black ditto knives and forks; beſt and common Barlow penknives, ditto black poliſhed razors, two very neat enamelled arch dials, and a few ſetts of unfiniſhed clock movements, with a variety of clock and watch-makers tools, main-ſprings and files of all kinds; a very handſome japanned table, and a neat aſſortment of japanned trays and waiters, of the neweſt patterns, all which he is determined to ſell on the very loweſt terms for caſh.

N. B. A BARREL ORGAN, with five ſtops, plays 22 different tunes, to be diſpoſed of, for caſh or dry goods.

Enquiry after Johann Michael Dûll; *dated* Neuſtadt, *on the* Aiſch, March 28, 1772, *and ſigned* JOHANN MICHAEL FISCHER.

JOHANN Michael Dûll was born at Neuſtadt, on the Aiſch, near Nuremberg, and brought up a Merchant, at Erlang; on the 3d of May, 1764. he came, by the way of Holland and England, to New-York; from thence, at the recommendation of Mr. Stephany, to Adam Simon Kuhn, Eſq; in Lancaſter; from whence, after a ſhort ſtay, he came to Reading, where he pretended to be an Apothecary and Doctor, and for certain reaſons was obliged to ſtay there two years. Afterwards he returned with Jacob Hoffman, from Reading to New-York, to Mr. Stephany; who recommenned him to Mr. Peter Haſſenclever, who employed him at his Iron-works, where he remained a ſhort time, and then returned from New-York to Pennſylvania; ſince that time, notwithſtanding all the enquiry made, no certain account could be obtained of the ſaid Johann Michael Dûll.

After his acquaintance with the abovementioned Jacob Hoffman, Dûll gave him a Bill of Exchange of 500 Rix-Dollars, to receive that ſum out of his (Dûll's) inheritance, at Neuſtadt, on the Aiſch; whereupon Jacob Hoffman advanced the ſaid Dûll, on the aforementioned Bill of Exchange of 500 Rix-Dollars, about Thirty Pounds, with a promiſe, that whenever he ſhould receive the 500 Rix-Dollars, he would pay Dûll the remainder; on the Bill of Exchange Jacob Hoffman has received 400 German Florins, but kept them for his own uſe.

Now, as the Brothers and Siſters of Johann Michael Dûll deſire to receive an account concerning him, for the ſake of dividing their inheritance, he will, if this comes to his knowledge, for his own intereſt's ſake, apply to Mr. SEBASTIAN STEPHANY, Chymiſt, in New-York; or to HENRY MILLER, Printer, in Race-ſtreet, in Philadelphia; and any perſon that knows any thing of him, or whether he is dead or living, is friendly requeſted to give intelligence thereof to ſaid Mr. STEPHANY, or HENRY MILLER. ¶ 9*s*.

WHEREAS THOMAS BAMFORD, of the Borough of Lancaſter, obtained a note, from the ſubſcribers, ſigned by Henry Bigart, John Roſs, and Iſaac Evans, bearing equal date with this advertiſement, payable conditionally, for which we never received any value; we do hereby forewarn all perſons from taking any aſſignment on ſaid note, as we will not pay the ſame, until compelled by law. HENRY BIGART,

October 29, 1772. § JOHN ROSS.

THIS DAY is PUBLISHED, at
ROBERT AITKEN's, BOOKSELLER and STATIONER, oppoſite the London Coffee-houſe, in Front-ſtreet,

A SCRIPTURAL COMMENT, upon the THIRTY-NINE ARTICLES of the CHURCH of *ENGLAND*. By *M. MADAN*, A. B. Chaplain to the Right Hon. *Henry*, Lord *Aſſley*, Lord High Chancellor of *Great-Britain*, and to the *Lock-Hoſpital*, near *Hyde-Park* corner.

2 TIM. i. 13. *Hold faſt the form of ſound words.*

The THIRD EDITION.

To the PUBLIC.

The AUTHOR's PREFACE.

THE following comment was drawn up upon a particular occaſion, but as its chief deſign was to prove, that the *doctrines* of our *eſtabliſhed Church* are entirely agreeable to the *ſcriptures*, a book of this kind can never be unſeaſonable. I therefore ſend forth this *Third Edition*, omitting ſuch parts of the former as were merely occaſional, hoping it may prove uſeful to vindicate our *ſound* and *apoſtolical Church* from the attempts and aſperſions of the *ignorant* and *malicious*, as it tends to inſtruct the former in the knowledge of her *doctrines*, and to repel the attacks of the latter, by interpoſing *the ſword of the ſpirit, which is the word of GOD.* Eph. vi. 17.

When good Biſhop Latimer (who, with Biſhop Ridley, was burnt by the Papiſts for maintaining the doctrines in the following articles) was going to the ſtake, he ſaid to his fellow-ſufferer, "Be of good comfort Mr. Ridley, and play the man---we ſhall "this day light ſuch a fire in England, by GOD's grace, as I "truſt ſhall never be put out." The ſort of *fire* which conſumed their bodies, was extinguiſhed with the extinction of Popery, but the *fire* which this good Biſhop meant, now burns and ſhines in the eſtabliſhed doctrines of the *Church of England*.

Reader, may its brightneſs enlighten thine underſtanding---its chearing influence warm thy heart,---until thou knoweſt enough of thyſelf, and of the *One way of ſalvation*,---to make thee bleſs GOD, that all attempts to fruſtrate the good old Biſhop's prophetic ſpeech, have hitherto proved in vain.

At the above STORE will be found, a conſtant ſupply of BOOKS on every ſcience, London and Scots editions, and all ſorts of STATIONARY, with a variety of new-publiſhed articles. Store-keepers and others may be furniſhed in a wholeſale or retail way, upon the loweſt terms.

FOUR DOLLARS Reward.

STOLEN, either on the 6th or 7th of this inſtant November, out of the dwelling-houſe of the ſubſcriber, living in Birmingham townſhip, Cheſter county, a cloſe-bodied cloth COAT, of a lightiſh colour, with baſket buttons, and bound round the edges, with a home-made lining, nearly the ſame colour; likewiſe a camblet GOWN, the chain of which is an orange, and the filling a pale green. Any perſon apprehending the thief, ſo that the coat and gown may be had, and he brought to juſtice, ſhall have the above reward, and reaſonable charges, and for the coat and gown, without the thief, TWO DOLLARS, paid by me GEORGE BRINTON. ¶

STOLEN or ſtrayed away, laſt night, from the ſtable of the ſubſcriber, in Briſtol townſhip, Philadelphia county, a bright BAY HORSE, 15 hands high, 5 years old laſt ſpring, a ſmall ſtar in his forehead, and a ſnip on his noſe, marked on the top of his neck with the collar, has ſome hairs interſperſed amongſt the red almoſt all over his body, is a little hog backed, a natural pacer, and ſhod before. Whoever will ſecure ſaid horſe, ſo that the owner may have him again, ſhall have *Thirty Shillings* reward; or, if ſtolen, THREE POUNDS for the horſe and thief, by applying to JOHN BIDDLE, at the ſign of the Indian King, in Market-ſtreet, Philadelphia, or to

November 16, 1772. § ROBERT MORRIS.

York-Town Goal, November 5, 1772.

COMMITTED to my cuſtody, on the 20th day of October laſt, on ſuſpicion of being a runaway ſervant, FRANCIS PURSILL, alias THOMAS KEALY, about 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high; had on, when he was taken, an old wool hat, a black-grey Negroe-cotton coat, a ſtriped lincey body-jacket, ozenbrigs trowſers, black worſted ſtockings, and half-worn ſhoes; he has ſhort black hair and beard, is an Iriſhman, between 24 and 25 years old. And on the 30th day of October laſt, was alſo committed, a certain JOSEPH BOWN, who ſays he is a ſervant to James Hamilton, Cordwainer, in Red-Stone, about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, a well made fellow, ſhort brown hair, and loſt the thumb off his left hand; had on, when committed, a greyiſh fearnought coat, an old beaver hat, and whitiſh jacket, with braſs buttons, a pair of fearnought breeches, blue knit hoſe, and coarſe ſhoes, tied with ſtrings; he is an Iriſh lad, and ſays he is about 25 years old. The owners are deſired to come, pay charges, and take them away, from MICHAEL GRAYBILL, Goaler. ¶

Philadelphia, November 14, 1772,

STRAYED or STOLEN, from the ſubſcriber, living in Eighth-ſtreet, about a week ago, a dark BAY MARE, 6 years old, about 12¼ hands high, a natural trotter, her eye-lid on the off ſide remarkably lower than the other, a ſpeck likewiſe in the ſaid eye, her mane and tail darker than her body, ſhod before; ſuppoſed to be taken out of a paſture at Moyamenſing. Whoever ſecures the mare and thief, ſo as he may be brought to juſtice, ſhall receive THREE POUNDS reward; or for the mare only FORTY SHILLINGS, paid by ARNOLD BAKER. ‡

Enquiry after an OLD Dutch Woman.

SAID WOMAN is between 70 and 80 years old, and being diſordered in her ſenſes, ſhe went away in July laſt, from Leonard Thomas, in Lower Milford, in Bucks county, and hath not been heard of ſince; her name is MARY SWENK, wears old brown clothes, and a Dutch cap, and ſays, when aſked, ſhe wants to go to the Sand [a place ſo called in Germany] it is ſuppoſed ſhe is gone to the Jerſeys. Whoever knows where ſhe is, is deſired to bring her to Andrew Trumbouer, Innholder, or ſaid Leonard Thomas, in Lower Milford aforeſaid, and it will be thankfully acknowledged by

November 12, 1772. ‖ LEONARD THOMAS.

ON Thurſday night, the 12th of November, 1772, was STOLEN, out of the ſubſcriber's paſture, a BLACK MARE, neither brand nor ear-mark, but is very much ſwelled on the ſhoulders, occaſioned by the fiſtula, and has ſeveral marks by its breaking, ſhe is ten years old, a natural trotter, about 14 hands high, ſhod before, with ſteel-pointed ſhoes. Whoever apprehends the thief, and brings him, with the mare, ſhall have FORTY SHILLINGS reward, and reaſonable charges, paid by THOMAS JENNINGS, in Lower-Merion townſhip, Philadelphia county.

Carrol's Delight, York County, November 9, 1772.

RUN away from the ſubſcriber, the 13th of laſt month, an Iriſh ſervant man, named JAMES MARONEY, about 21 years of age, and about 5 feet 11 inches high, a likely fellow, talks with the brogue on his tongue, has a wart on his chin, and browniſh curled hair; had on and took with him, when he went away, a greyiſh cloth coat, a flannel jacket, a check ſilk handkerchief, two fine ſhirts, two check linen ditto, one ſhirting cloth ditto, two pair of trowſers, one of blue woollen cloth, the other of tow cloth, two pair of bloeiſh coloured ſtockings, one pair ribbed, good ſhoes, and large braſs buckles, with holes in them; had ſome ſterling money with him. Whoever takes up ſaid ſervant, and brings him home, or ſecures him in any of his Majeſty's goals, ſo that his maſter may get him again, ſhall have TWELVE DOLLARS reward, and all reaſonable charges, paid by me SAMUEL KNOX. ‖

JOSEPH SWIFT,

At his ſtore, in Front-ſtreet, between Market and Cheſtnut-ſtreets, has imported, in the ſhip Richard Penn, Captain All, from London,

A NEAT Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the approaching ſeaſon; which he is now opening, and will ſell low, for caſh, or ſix months credit; and will be obliged to his friends, for the favour of their cuſtom. *Sept.* 19, 1772. 8w.

Juſt imported, in the ſhip Richard Penn, from London, and to be ſold by

JOHN GIBSON,

At his ſtore, in Market-ſtreet, between Third and Fourth-ſtreets, very cheap for caſh, or the uſual credit,

A LARGE and general Aſſortment of GOODS, ſuitable for the approaching ſeaſon. The beſt kinds of RAPPEE SNUFF. *Philadelphia, Sept.* 17, 1772. 6 w.

DANIEL WILLIAMS, and SONS,

Have juſt imported, in the ſhip Richard Penn, Iſaac All, maſter, from London,

A NEAT Aſſortment of DRY GOODS, ſuitable to the ſeaſon; which they have for ſale, at the moſt reaſonable rates, at their ſtore, in Front-ſtreet, between Cheſtnut-ſtreet and the London Coffee-houſe. *Sept.* 18, 1772. *Theſ.*

MEASE AND CALDWELL

HAVE juſt imported, in the ſhip Richard Penn, from London, the Chalkley, from Briſtol, and other late veſſels from Europe, A large Aſſortment of European and East-India GOODS, adapted for the ſeaſon; which they will ſell very low, for caſh, or ſhort credit, at their ſtore, in Water-ſtreet, the third door above Cheſtnut-ſtreet, Philadelphia. 6 w.

THOMAS AND GEORGE MIFFLIN

Have imported, in the Ship Richard Penn, Captain All, from London,

A very large Aſſortment of FALL GOODS. 5w.

THE CREDITORS of ALEXANDER LUNAN, deceaſed, are deſired to call upon ROBERT RITCHIE, one of the Executors, for their reſpective Dividends.

Philadelphia, November 9, 1772. 4*W.*

FOUR POUNDS Reward.

RUN away, on the 7th inſtant, from the ſubſcribers, living in Horſham townſhip, Philadelphia county, two LADS, about 17 years of age, and there is reaſon to think they are gone together; one of them was an apprentice to the blackſmith's trade, named JOHN ROBERTS, about 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high, thick ſet, ſquare ſhoulders, and hollow back; had on, when he went away, a new fur hat, a good homeſpun coat and jacket, of a cheſtnut brown colour, made of worſted and wool twilled, the coat has Engliſh ſhaloon lining, the jacket homeſpun worſted, and mohair buttons, good ſheepſkin breeches, ſtockings, of deep and pale blue yarn, twiſted together, neats leather ſhoes, and a large pair of ſilver plated carved buckles. The other a ſervant, named ISAAC PIDGEON, about 5 feet 6 inches high; had on, and took with him, when he went away, a new felt hat, bound with green binding, and a ſtring of the ſame, a new lightiſh coloured cloth coat, lined with broad ſtriped lincey, two jackets, one old, of a light cloth colour, with metal buttons, the other ſilk and cotton, double breaſted, a fine ſhirt, marked on the boſom with I P, one homeſpun ditto, both new; good buckſkin breeches, yarn ſtockings, two pair of channel pumps, one pair new, the other has a patch on one of the toes, and ſilver plated buckles; has brown hair, with a remarkable ſpot on the back part of his head, about as big as a penny, of black and white hair, and has loſt part of two of his toes. Whoever takes up and ſecures ſaid runaways, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall have the above reward, or FORTY SHILLINGS for either of them, paid by JOSEPH LUKENS, and RICHARD SHOEMAKER. *Philadelphia, November* 12, 1772. ‖ 7*ſ* 6.

JOHN CHRISTOPHER HAYNE,

PEWTERER and TINMAN, in Vainy-ſtreet, three doors below Doctor Kuhn's, and nearly oppoſite George Graff's, in Lancaſter,

HAS again imported a large aſſortment of the beſt London Pewter ware, made by the beſt maſters in that metropolis, viz. deep ſoup diſhes, and other deep and flat diſhes, ſoup and flat plates, many ſorts of ſpoons, quart and pint tankards, pewter meaſures for liquids, ink-ſtands, porringers, chamber-pots, and veſſels for cloſe-ſtools, with other articles uſed in families. He alſo makes himſelf many ſorts of Pewterer's work, ſuch as ſmall butter-plates, ditto diſhes, porringers, ſalt-cellars, toys or children's play-things, &c. He likewiſe mends pewter veſſels, in the beſt manner; and changes new for old pewter, or gives the higheſt price for it. All ſorts of Tin ware that may be wanted, he makes and ſells; he alſo ſells hair brooms, and glaſs ware; all at the moſt reaſonable rates. ¶

THREE POUNDS Reward.

ABSCONDED from his uſual place of abode, a certain ANTHONY SNYDER, a Dutchman, and ſerved his time at Alloway's Creek, is of a freſh complexion, light brown hair, and about 5 feet 5 inches high; had on, when he went away, a light coloured homeſpun cloth jacket, with cuffs, a light coloured calimancoe ditto under it, white ſtockings, coarſe ſhoes, white metal buckles, and a new caſtor hat. Said *Snyder* did, on the 24th day of October, aſſign a note of hand to the ſubſcriber, in payment of a debt, which hath ſince appeared to have been forged, in order to defraud me; I therefore offer the above reward to any perſon, that will apprehend and ſecure the ſaid *Snyder* in any goal, ſo that he may be brought to juſtice, and the ſubſcriber have an opportunity to recover his right, together with reaſonable charges, paid by THOMAS FOLWELL.

*** He ſometimes goes by the name of *Taylor*.

Elſenborough, November 2, 1772. § §

TO BE SOLD,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, containing 293 ACRES of LAND, with two dwelling-houſes, barn and ſtables, and a good bearing orchard, with 23 acres of meadow, and more may be made, with 100 acres of woodland; the whole well watered and timbered; ſituate in Little-Britain townſhip, Lancaſter county, within one mile and an half of three merchant mills, within three miles of Cheſtnut-Level Meeting-houſe, one mile and an half of Little-Britain Meeting-houſe. The title indiſputable. The purchaſer may have it on reaſonable terms, by applying to the owner, living on the premiſes.

November 13, 1772. JOHN SCOTT. ‖ 3m.

ALL perſons indebted to the eſtate of JOHN CORREY, deceaſed, are once more deſired to make immediate payment to the ſubſcribers. As repeated notice of this kind has been given, they may depend this will be the laſt, and that all ſuch as are delinquent, will be proceeded againſt according to law, by JANE CORREY, GEORGE CORREY, ROBERT CORREY, ſenior, and JAMES READ, Adminiſtrators.

To be LETT, a large commodious STABLE, ſituated in Church-alley, near Third-ſtreet, capable of containing 18 or 20 horſes, with a hay-loft over the whole, a paved yard, and large ſhed, for carriages. Enquire as above, ¶

CAME to the plantation of John Eby, in Warwick townſhip, Lancaſter county, about three weeks ago, a red and white ſpotted BULL, about two years and a half old. The owner may have him again, on proving his property, and paying charges. JOHN EBY. ‡

WILLIAM BARRELL

Hath imported in the very laſt ſhips from LONDON, &c. A very large and moſt compleat Aſſortment of EUROPEAN *and* EAST-INDIA GOODS, *ſuitable to all ſeaſons, but particularly adapted to the preſent and approaching; conſiſting of*

WOOLLENS, in every branch, from baizes and half-thicks to the very beſt broadcloths, with ſuitable trimmings; Manchеſter goods, of all kinds, viz. velvets, velverets, cottons, checks, ſtripes, &c. hair and common grazets, muſſenets, broglios, crapes and poplins, hairbines, double allopeens, double and ſingle damaſks, plain and ſtriped ruſſels and calimancoes, rattinets, ſhaloons, anteloons, durants and tammies, womens calimancoe and durant quilts, very good, drawboys and everlaſtings, prunella or Queen's ſtuff, and ſattinet or denim, plain and ſtriped camblets and camblettees; a large aſſortment of hoſiery; ſtout milled yarn caps and gloves, womens and boys worſted mitts and gloves, mens and womens ſilk mitts, gloves and hoſe; paduaſoys, ducapes, luteſtrings, taffeties and perſians, rich ſattins, pelongs, ſarſnets, modes, &c. ſilk, linen and cotton handkerchiefs, of all kinds, Engliſh and real Barcelona ditto, of the beſt qualities and colours; a large and elegant aſſortment of ribbands and ſilk ferreting, fine white and clouded thread for weaving and knitting, cruels and ſlacks, finely aſſorted, cottons, calicoes and chintzes, muſlins of all kinds, from 4*ſ* 6 to 21*ſ* per yard, cambricks and lawns, Iriſh linens, ſheetings, dowlas and table-cloths, buckrams, ravenſduck, ticklenburghs and ozenbrigs, Flanders ticks, ticking and bunts, cotton counterpanes, and blankets of various kinds.-----Alſo a large aſſortment of CUTLERY and HARD-WARE; among which are, beſt London nails, of all kinds, Engliſh and German ſteel, frying-pans, box and ſad-irons, ſhot and ſmall bar lead, needles and pins, of all kinds, plated, Pinchbeck and common metal ſhoe, knee and ſtock buckles, of all faſhions, metal buttons, of all kinds, ſtone lockets, ſleeve buttons, ſett and Bath links, hard metal and beſt London pewter; gun-powder, London made glue, firebellows, ruled accompt books, writing paper, ink-powder, black and red cake ink, beſt Dutch quills, ſealing wax, &c. &c. together with almoſt every article, uſually imported from Great-Britain. All which *(as they are ſupplied him on the very beſt terms)* he is determined to diſpoſe of, at the moſt moderate rates, to thoſe perſons, who will be ſo kind as to favour him with their good cuſtom, both by WHOLESALE and RETAIL, at his NEW STORE and SHOP, the north-eaſt corner of *Market* and *Second-ſtreets*.

Weſt Caln Townſhip, Cheſter County, November 4, 1772.

CAME to the plantation of the ſubſcriber, laſt April was a year, a red and white ſpotted STEER, a year old paſt, marked with a ſlit in the near ear. The owner is deſired to come, prove his property, pay charges, and take him away.

‖ SAMUEL WITHROW.

JOHN FIELD.

Has juſt imported, in the Ships RICHARD PENN and MARY and ELIZABETH, from LONDON,

A LARGE Aſſortment of EUROPEAN and EAST-INDIA GOODS; which are now opening for Sale, on very low Terms, at his STORE, in WATER-STREET, next door below the Corner of CHESTNUT-STREET. ¶6w.

To be SOLD, by

THOMAS BOND, JUNIOR,

In his STORE, at the corner of Norris's-Alley, in Second-ſtreet,

A large and excellent aſſortment of HOSIERY, conſiſting of MILLED worſted and milled yarn Germantown ſtockings, gloves and mitts, worſted, thread and cotton ſtockings, ſocks, gauze-worſted and gauze-thread under-ſtockings, ſuperfine double and ſingle worſted cotton and thread caps, mens beſt ſuper four and three thread plain and ribbed worſted ſtockings, excellent worſted and thread breeches pieces, ladies ſuper China cotton hoſe, womens, girls, and boys midfine cotton, worſted and thread ſtockings, womens plain and figured ſilk and worſted mitts. Alſo hackled flax, tow, cotton and wool, ſpun cotton, worſted and thread coloured, doubled, and ready for knitting and weaving. He carries on the ſtocking manufactory in all its branches, and will be pleaſed to encourage family induſtry and frugality, by working up their thread in the beſt manner. ¶5ſ.tf.

Wilmington, December 3, 1772.

RUN away laſt night, from the ſubſcribers, living in Wilmington, New-Caſtle county, two ſervant lads, country born, one named JAMES M'KEVER, about 18 years of age, 5 feet 4 or 5 inches high, ſtrong and well ſet, a little marked with the ſmall-pox, browniſh curled hair, of a churliſh ſour countenance, apt to ſpeak ſhort, and is an intolerable liar; had on, and took with him, a half-worn caſtor hat, a dark coloured cloth coat, lately turned, a cloth jacket, near the ſame colour, newly turned, a blue jacket, without ſleeves, a new coat of a reddiſh brown, lately altered to fit him, and before altered was full trimmed, with buttons on the ſleeves, but now left off, &c. two new homeſpun ſhirts, the collars made two little, but now pieced on the button ſide, old fine ſhirt, buckſkin breeches, mended with a new piece between the legs, a pair of cotton-velvet ditto, one pair of ſtrong new ſhoes, and one pair of ſlim ditto, Pinchbeck ſhoe buckles and ſilver knee ditto, a yellow checked ſilk handkerchief, ſomewhat ſtained with red paint, 3 pair of yarn and worſted ſtockings. The other, named WILLIAM PATTERSON, about the ſame age and height of *M'Kever*, a Cooper by trade, long thin pale viſage, light coloured ſtraight hair, ſtoop ſhouldered, down look, ſeems ſimple, but is a very great rogue, having run away about two years ago, and was then away 16 months, at *York-town, Baltimore-town*, and divers other places; had on, a light coloured thickſet coat, with wooden buttons, nankeen jacket, white corded linen breeches, old red under jacket, rather too large for him, one old homeſpun ſhirt, the tail newly turned up, half-worn caſtor hat, rather too little for him, pale blue yarn ſtockings, newly footed with deep blue; he took with him a ſuit of blue and red ſuperfine broadcloth clothes, much too long for him, as they were made for another perſon, the breeches pretty much worn and dirty, alſo a ſilver watch, with a ſilver chain; the watch opens with a pin in the end of the key, a dent in the outſide caſe, old ſeal, the number and maker's name unknown: They alſo took with them a ſhort gun, ſome powder, ſhot and bullet moulds, and ſome bar lead; the ſhot-bag is made of old ſheepſkin, Engliſh dreſſed; they may forge a paſs, and change their names, as *M'Kever* writes a good hand. Whoever ſecures the ſaid lads, ſo that their maſters may have them again, ſhall have THREE POUNDS reward for *M'Kever*, and FIVE POUNDS for *Patterſon*, and the clothes and watch, or for the watch and clothes THREE POUNDS, and for him FORTY SHILLINGS, and if brought home reaſonable charges, paid by JOHN STAPLER, and HENRY REYNOLDS.

N. B. All maſters of veſſels, and others, are forbid to carry them off or harbour them, at their peril. Any perſon giving information of their being harboured at any particular place, will be paid, as a reward, *Twenty Shillings*.

A JOURNEYMAN COOPER, if a ſingle man, will meet with good encouragement, by applying to *Henry Reynolds*. ¶ 10w.

THIRTY POUNDS Reward.

WHEREAS on the morning of the fourth inſtant, between the hours of three and four o'clock, the CUP, which contained the OIL, in one of the PUBLIC LAMPS, ſtanding in Front-ſtreet, next to South-ſtreet, was taken away by ſome evil-diſpoſed perſon or perſons; and, about two weeks before, another CUP was taken out of the ſame LAMP, and one out of a LAMP, at the north end of the New Market, in Second-ſtreet. The WARDENS of the CITY do hereby offer a reward of THIRTY POUNDS, for the diſcovery of the perpetrators of the above offences, or TEN POUNDS for each CUP, to be paid upon conviction of the offenders.

Philadelphia, December 7, 1772.